# **DEPARTMENTOFELECTRONICSANDCOMMUNICATIONENGINEERING**



2023

# **ENGINEERING CURRICULUM**

**B.Tech Regular** 

# BONAM VENKATA CHALAMAYYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE

(AUTONOMOUS)

Batlapalem, Amalapuram, Indupalli Post, E. G. Dist, A.P, India – 533 201



# BONAM VENKATA CHALAMAYYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS)

(Approved by AlCTE, Permanently Affiliated to JNTUK, Kakinada, Accredited by NAAC with 'A' Grade)

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# DEPARTMENTOFELECTRONICSANDCOMMUNICATIONENGINEERING

**B.Tech** (Regular – Full Time)

# Academic Regulations (BR23) for B. Tech (Regular-Full time)

(Effective for the students admitted into I year from the Academic Year 2023-24 onwards)

# 1. Award of the Degree

- (a) Award of the B.Tech. Degree / B.Tech. Degree with a Minor if he/she fulfils the following:
  - (i) Pursues a course of study for not less than four academic years and not more than eight academic years. However, for the students availing Gap year facility this period shall be extended by two years at the most and these two years would in addition to the maximum period permitted for graduation (Eight years).
  - (ii) Registers for 160 credits and secures all 160 credits.
- (b) Award of B.Tech. degree with Honors if he/she fulfils the following:
  - (i) Student secures additional 15 credits fulfilling all the requisites of a B.Tech. program i.e., 160 credits.
  - (ii) Registering for Honors is optional.
  - (iii) Honors is to be completed simultaneously with B.Tech. programme.
- 2. Students, who fail to fulfil all the academic requirements for the award of the degree within eight academic years from the year of their admission, shall forfeit their seat in B.Tech. course and their admission stands cancelled. This clause shall be read along with clause 1 a) i).

# 3. Admissions

Admission to the B. Tech Program shall be made subject to the eligibility, qualifications and specialization prescribed by the A.P. State Government /University from time to time. Admissions shall be made either based on the merit rank obtained by the student in the common entrance examination conducted by the A.P. Government/University or any other order of merit approved by the A.P. Government/University, subject to reservations as prescribed by the Government/University from time to time.

# 4. Program related terms

*Credit:* A unit by which the course work is measured. It determines the number of hours of instruction required per week. One credit is equivalent to one hour of teaching (Lecture/Tutorial) or two hours of practical work/field work per week.

# **Credit Definition:**

| 1 Hr. Lecture (L) per week      | 1 credit   |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| 1 Hr. Tutorial (T) per week     | 1 credit   |
| 1 Hr. Practical (P) per week    | 0.5 credit |
| 2 Hrs. Practical (Lab) per week | 1 credit   |

- (a) Academic Year: Two consecutive (one odd + one even) semesters constitute one academic year.
- (b) Choice Based Credit System (CBCS): The CBCS provides a choice for students to select from the prescribed courses.

# 5. Semester/Credits:

- i) A semester comprises 90 working days and an academic year is divided into two semesters.
- ii) The summer term is for eight weeks during summer vacation. Internship/apprenticeship/work-based vocational education and training can be carried out during the summer term, especially by students who wish to exit after two semesters or four semesters of study.
- iii) Regular courses may also be completed well in advance through MOOCs satisfying prerequisites.

# 6. Structure of the Undergraduate Programme

All courses offered for the undergraduate program (B. Tech.) are broadly classified as follows:

| S.<br>No | Category   | Breakup<br>of<br>Credits<br>(Total<br>160) | Percentage<br>of total<br>credits | AICTE<br>Recommendatio<br>n (%) |
|----------|--|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1.       | Humanities and Social Science including Management (HM)                                    | 13   | 8 %                               | 8 – 9%                          |
| 2.       | Basic Sciences (BS)  | 20   | 13 %                              | 12 - 16%                        |
| 3.       | Engineering Sciences (ES)  | 23.5                                       | 14%                               | 10 – 18%                        |
| 4.       | Professional Core (PC)   | 54.5                                       | 34 %                              | 30 – 36%                        |
| 5.       | Electives – Professional (PE) & Open (OE); Domain Specific Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC) | 33   | 21 %                              | 19 - 23%                        |
| 6.       | Internships & Project work (PR)  | 16   | 10 %                              | 8 – 11%                         |
| 7.       | Mandatory Courses (MC)   | Non-credit                                 | Non-<br>credit                    | -                               |

# 7. Course Classification:

All subjects/ courses offered for the undergraduate programme in Engineering & Technology (B.Tech. degree programmes) are broadly classified as follows:

| S. No. | <b>Broad Course</b> | Course Category | Description |
|--------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------|
|--------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------|

|    | Classification        |   |  |  |
|----|-----------------------|---|--|--|
| 1. | Foundation<br>Courses | Foundation courses                              | Includes Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry;<br>fundamental engineering courses; humanities,<br>social sciences and management courses |  |
| 2. | Core Courses          | Professional Core<br>Courses (PC)               | Includes subjects related to the parent discipline/department/ branch of Engineering   |  |
|    |                       | Professional Elective<br>Courses (PE)           | Includes elective subjects related to the parent discipline/department/ branch of Engineering  |  |
| 3. | Elective<br>Courses   |   | Open Elective<br>Courses (OE)  | Elective subjects which include interdisciplinary subjects or subjects in an area outside the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering |
|    |                       | Domain specific skill enhancement courses (SEC) | Inter disciplinary/job-oriented/domain courses which are relevant to the industry  |  |
|    | Project &             | Project   | B.Tech. Project or Major Project   |  |
| 4. | Internships           | Internships                                     | Summer Internships – Community based and Industry Internships; Industry oriented Full Semester Internship                              |  |
| 5. | Audit Courses         | Mandatory non-credit courses                    | Covering subjects of developing desired attitude among the learners  |  |

# 8. Programme Pattern

- i. Total duration of the of B. Tech (Regular) Programme is four academic years.
- ii. Each academic year of study is divided into two semesters.
- iii. Minimum number of instruction days in each semester is 90 days.
- iv. There shall be mandatory student induction program for freshers, with a three-week duration before the commencement of first semester. Physical activity, Creative Arts, Universal Human Values, Literary, Proficiency Modules, Lectures by Eminent People, Visits to local Areas, Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations etc., are included as per the guidelines issued by AICTE.
- v. Health/wellness/yoga/sports and NSS /NCC /Scouts & Guides / Community service activities are made mandatory as credit courses for all the undergraduate students.
- vi. Courses like Environmental Sciences, Indian Constitution, Technical Paper Writing & IPR are offered as non-credit mandatory courses for all the undergraduate students.
- vii. Design Thinking for Innovation & Tinkering Labs are made mandatory as credit courses for all the undergraduate students.
- viii. Increased flexibility for students through an increase in the elective component of the curriculum, with 05 Professional Elective courses and 04 Open Elective courses.

- ix. Professional Elective Courses, include the elective courses relevant to the chosen specialization/branch. Proper choice of professional elective courses can lead to students specializing in emerging areas within the chosen field of study.
- x. A total of 04 Open Electives are offered in the curriculum. A student can complete the requirement for B.Tech. Degree with a Minor within the 160 credits by opting for the courses offered through various verticals/tracks under Open Electives.
- xi. While choosing the electives, students shall ensure that they do not opt for the courses with syllabus contents similar to courses already pursued.
- xii. A pool of interdisciplinary/job-oriented/domain skill courses which are relevant to the industry are integrated into the curriculum of all disciplines. There shall be 05 skill-oriented courses offered during III to VII semesters. Among the five skill courses, four courses shall focus on the basic and advanced skills related to the domain/interdisciplinary courses and the other shall be a soft skills course.
- xiii. Students shall undergo mandatory summer internships, for a minimum of eight weeks duration at the end of second and third year of the programme. The internship at the end of second year shall be community oriented and industry internship at the end of third year.
- xiv. There shall also be mandatory full internship in the final semester of the programme along with the project work.
- xv. Undergraduate degree with Honors is introduced by the University for the students having good academic record.
- xvi. Each college shall take measures to implement Virtual Labs (<a href="https://www.vlab.co.in">https://www.vlab.co.in</a>) which provide remote access to labs in various disciplines of Engineering and will help student in learning basic and advanced concept through remote experimentation. Student shall be made to work on virtual lab experiments during the regular labs.
- xvii. Each college shall assign a faculty advisor/mentor after admission to a group of students from same department to provide guidance in courses registration/career growth/placements/opportunities for higher studies/GATE/other competitive exams etc.
- xviii. Preferably 25% of course work for the theory courses in every semester shall be conducted in the blended mode of learning.

# 9. Evaluation Process

The performance of a student in each semester shall be evaluated subject wise with a maximum of 100 marks for theory and 100 marks for practical subject. Summer Internships shall be evaluated for 50 marks, Full Internship &Project work in final semester shall be evaluated for 200 marks, mandatory courses with no credits shall be evaluated for 30 mid semester marks.

A student has to secure not less than 35% of marks in the end examination and a minimum of 40% of marks in the sum total of the mid semester and end examination marks taken together for the theory, practical, design, drawing subject or project etc. In case of a mandatory course, he/she should secure 40% of the total marks.

# **Theory Courses**

| Assessment Method              | Marks |
|--------------------------------|-------|
| Continuous Internal Assessment | 30    |
| Semester End Examination       | 70    |
| Total                          | 100   |

- i) For theory subject, the distribution shall be 30 marks for Internal Evaluation and 70 marks for the End-Examination.
- ii) For practical subject, the distribution shall be 30 marks for Internal Evaluation and 70 marks for the End- Examination.
- iii) If any course contains two different branch subjects, the syllabus shall be written in two parts with 3 units each (Part-A and Part-B) and external examination question paper shall be set with two parts each for 35 marks.
- iv) If any subject is having both theory and practical components, they will be evaluated separately as theory subject and practical subject. However, they will be given same subject code with an extension of "T" for theory subject and "P" for practical subject.

# a) Continuous Internal Evaluation

- i) For theory subjects, during the semester, there shall be two midterm examinations. Each midterm examination shall be evaluated for 30 marks of which 10 marks for objective paper (20 minutes duration), 15 marks for subjective paper (90 minutes duration) and 5 marks for assignment.
- ii) Objective paper shall contain for 05 short answer questions with 2 marks each or maximum of 20 bits for 10 marks. Subjective paper shall contain 3 either or type questions (totally six questions from 1 to 6) of which student has to answer one from each either-or type of questions. Each question carries 10 marks. The marks obtained in the subjective paper are condensed to 15 marks.

# Note:

- The objective paper shall be prepared in line with the quality of competitive examinations questions.
- The subjective paper shall contain 3 either or type questions of equal weightage of 10 marks. Any fraction shall be rounded off to the next higher mark.
- The objective paper shall be conducted by the respective institution on the day of subjective paper test.
- Assignments shall be in the form of problems, mini projects, design problems, slip tests, quizzes etc., depending on the course content. It should be continuous assessment throughout the semester and the average marks shall be considered.
- iii) If the student is absent for the mid semester examination, no re-exam shall be conducted and mid semester marks for that examination shall be considered as zero.
- iv) First midterm examination shall be conducted for I, II units of syllabus with one either or type question from each unit and third either or type question from both

the units. The second midterm examination shall be conducted for III, IV and V units with one either or type question from each unit.

v) Final mid semester marks shall be arrived at by considering the marks secured by the student in both the mid examinations with 80% weightage given to the better mid exam and 20% to the other.

# For Example:

Marks obtained in first mid: 25 Marks obtained in second mid: 20

Final mid semester Marks: (25x0.8) + (20x0.2) = 24

If the student is absent for any one midterm examination, the final mid semester marks shall be arrived at by considering 80% weightage to the marks secured by the student in the appeared examination and zero to the other. For Example:

Marks obtained in first mid: Absent Marks obtained in second mid: 25

Final mid semester Marks: (25x0.8) + (0x0.2) = 20

# b) End Examination Evaluation:

End examination of theory subjects shall have the following pattern:

- i) There shall be 6 questions and all questions are compulsory.
- ii) Question I shall contain 10 compulsory short answer questions for a total of 20marks such that each question carries 2 marks.
- iii) There shall be 2 short answer questions from each unit.
  - a) In each of the questions from 2 to 6, there shall be either/or type questions of 10 marks each. Student shall answer any one of them.
- iv) The questions from 2 to 6 shall be set by covering one unit of the syllabus for each question.

End examination of theory subjects consisting of two parts of different subjects, for Example: Basic Electrical &Electronics Engineering shall have the following pattern:

- i) Question paper shall be in two parts viz., Part A and Part B with equal weightage of 35 marks each.
- ii) In each part, question 1 shall contain 5 compulsory short answer questions for a total of 5 marks such that each question carries 1mark.
- iii) In each part, questions from 2 to 4, there shall be either/or type questions of 10 marks each. Student shall answer any one of them.
- iv) The questions from 2 to 4 shall be set by covering one unit of the syllabus for each question.

# **Practical Courses**

| Assessment Method              | Marks |
|--------------------------------|-------|
| Continuous Internal Assessment | 30    |
| Semester End Examination       | 70    |
| Total                          | 100   |

- b) For practical courses, there shall be a continuous evaluation during the semester for 30 sessional marks and end examination shall be for 70 marks.
- c) Day-to-day work in the laboratory shall be evaluated for 15 marks by the concerned laboratory teacher based on the record/viva and 15 marks for the internal test.
- d) The end examination shall be evaluated for 70 marks, conducted by the concerned laboratory teacher and a senior expert in the subject from the same department.

• Procedure: 20 marks

• Experimental work & Results: 30 marks

• Viva voce: 20 marks.

In a practical subject consisting of two parts (Eg: Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering Lab), the end examination shall be conducted for 70 marks as a single laboratory in 3 hours. Mid semester examination shall be evaluated as above for 30 marks in each part and final mid semester marks shall be arrived by considering the average of marks obtained in two parts.

e) For the subject having design and/or drawing, such as Engineering Drawing, the distribution of marks shall be 30 for mid semester evaluation and 70 for end examination.

| Assessment Method              | Marks |
|--------------------------------|-------|
| Continuous Internal Assessment | 30    |
| Semester End Examination       | 70    |
| Total                          | 100   |

Day-to-day work shall be evaluated for 15 marks by the concerned subject teacher based on the reports/submissions prepared in the class. And there shall be two midterm examinations in a semester for duration of 2 hours each for 15 marks with weightage of 80% to better mid marks and 20% for the other. The subjective paper shall contain 3 either or type questions of equal weightage of 5 marks. There shall be no objective paper in mid semester examination. The sum of day-to-day evaluation and the mid semester marks will be the final sessional marks for the subject.

The end examination pattern for Engineering Graphics, shall consists of 5 questions, either/or type, of 14 marks each. There shall be no objective type questions in the end examination. However, the end examination pattern for other subjects related to design/drawing, multiple branches, etc is mentioned along with the syllabus.

f) There shall be no external examination for mandatory courses with zero credits. However, attendance shall be considered while calculating aggregate attendance and student shall be declared to have passed the mandatory course only when he/she secures 40% or more in the internal examinations. In case, the student fails, a re-examination shall be conducted for failed candidates for 30 marks satisfying the conditions mentioned in item 1 & 2 of the regulations.

g) The laboratory records and mid semester test papers shall be preserved for a minimum of 3 years in the respective institutions as per the University norms and shall be produced to the Committees of the University as and when the same are asked for.

# 10. Skill oriented Courses

- i) There shall be five skill-oriented courses offered during III to VII semesters.
- ii) Out of the five skill courses two shall be skill-oriented courses from the same domain. Of the remaining three skill courses, one shall be a soft skill course and the remaining two shall be skill-advanced courses from the same domain/Interdisciplinary/Job oriented.
- iii) The course shall carry 100 marks and shall be evaluated through continuous assessments during the semester for 30 sessional marks and end examination shall be for 70 marks. Day-to-day work in the class / laboratory shall be evaluated for 30 marks by the concerned teacher based on the regularity/assignments/viva/mid semester test. The end examination similar to practical examination pattern shall be conducted by the concerned teacher and an expert in the subject nominated by the principal.
- iv) The Head of the Department shall identify a faculty member as coordinator for the course. A committee consisting of the Head of the Department, coordinator and a senior Faculty member nominated by the Head of the Department shall monitor the evaluation process. The marks/grades shall be assigned to the students by the above committee based on their performance.
- v) The student shall be given an option to choose either the skill courses being offered by the college or to choose a certificate course being offered by industries/Professional bodies or any other accredited bodies. If a student chooses to take a Certificate Course offered by external agencies, the credits shall be awarded to the student upon producing the Course Completion Certificate from the agency. A committee shall be formed at the level of the college to evaluate the grades/marks given for a course by external agencies and convert to the equivalent marks/grades.
- vi) The recommended courses offered by external agencies, conversions and appropriate grades/marks are to be approved by the University at the beginning of the semester. The principal of the respective college shall forward such proposals to the University for approval.
- vii) If a student prefers to take a certificate course offered by external agency, the department shall mark attendance of the student for the remaining courses in that semester excluding the skill course in all the calculations of mandatory attendance requirements upon producing a valid certificate as approved by the University.

# 11. Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs):

A Student has to pursue and complete one course compulsorily through MOOCs approved by the University. A student can pursue courses other than core through MOOCs and it is mandatory to complete one course successfully through MOOCs for awarding the degree. A student is not permitted to register and pursue core courses through MOOCs.

A student shall register for the course (Minimum of either 8 weeks or 12 weeks) offered through MOOCs with the approval of Head of the Department. The Head of the Department shall appoint one mentor to monitor the student's progression. The student needs to earn a certificate by passing the exam. The student shall be awarded the credits assigned in the curriculum only by submission of the certificate. Examination fee, if any, will be borne by the student.

Students who have qualified in the proctored examinations conducted through MOOCs platform can apply for credit transfer as specified and are exempted from appearing internal as well as external examination (for the specified equivalent credit course only) conducted by the university.

Necessary amendments in rules and regulations regarding adoption of MOOC courses would be proposed from time to time.

# 12. Credit Transfer Policy

Adoption of MOOCs is mandatory, to enable Blended model of teaching-learning as also envisaged in the NEP 2020. As per University Grants Commission (Credit Framework for Online Learning Courses through SWAYAM) Regulation, 2016, the University shall allow up to a maximum of 20% of the total courses being offered in a particular programme i.e., maximum of 32 credits through MOOCs platform.

- i) The University shall offer credit mobility for MOOCs and give the equivalent credit weightage to the students for the credits earned through online learning courses.
- ii) Student registration for the MOOCs shall be only through the respective department of the institution, it is mandatory for the student to share necessary information with the department.
- iii) Credit transfer policy will be applicable to the Professional & Open Elective courses only.
- iv) The concerned department shall identify the courses permitted for credit transfer.
- v) The University/institution shall notify at the beginning of semester the list of the online learning courses eligible for credit transfer.
- vi) The institution shall designate a faculty member as a Mentor for each course to guide the students from registration till completion of the credit course.
- vii) The university shall ensure no overlap of MOOC exams with that of the university examination schedule. In case of delay in results, the university will re-issue the marks sheet for such students.
- viii) Student pursuing courses under MOOCs shall acquire the required credits only after successful completion of the course and submitting a certificate issued by the competent authority along with the percentage of marks and

grades.

- ix) The institution shall submit the following to the examination section of the university:
  - a) List of students who have passed MOOC courses in the current semester along with the certificate of completion.
  - b) Undertaking form filled by the students for credit transfer.
- x) The universities shall resolve any issues that may arise in the implementation of this policy from time to time and shall review its credit transfer policy in the light of periodic changes brought by UGC, SWAYAM, NPTEL and state government.

**Note:** Students shall be permitted to register for MOOCs offered through online platforms approved by the University from time to time.

# 13. Academic Bank of Credits (ABC)

The University has implemented Academic Bank of Credits (ABC) to promote flexibility in curriculum as per NEP 2020 to

- i. provide option of mobility for learners across the universities of their choice
- ii. provide option to gain the credits through MOOCs from approved digital platforms.
- iii. facilitate award of certificate/diploma/degree in line with the accumulated credits in ABC
- iv. execute Multiple Entry and Exit system with credit count, credit transfer and credit acceptance from students" account.

# 14. Mandatory Internships

Summer Internships: Two summer internships either onsite or virtual each with a minimum of 08 weeks duration, done at the end of second and third years, respectively are mandatory. It shall be completed in collaboration with local industries, Govt. Organizations, construction agencies, Power projects, software MNCs or any industries in the areas of concerned specialization of the Undergraduate program. One of the two summer internships at the end of second year (Community Service Project) shall be society oriented and shall be completed in collaboration with government organizations/NGOs & others. The other internship at the end of third year is Industry Internship and shall be completed in collaboration with Industries. The student shall register for the internship as per course structure after commencement of academic year. The guidelines issued by the APSCHE / University shall be followed for carrying out and evaluation of Community Service Project and Industry Internship.

Evaluation of the summer internships shall be through the departmental committee. A student will be required to submit a summer internship report to the concerned department and appear for an oral presentation before the departmental committee comprising of Head of the Department, supervisor of the internship and a senior faculty member of the department. A certificate of successful completion from industry shall be included in the report. The report and the oral presentation shall carry 50% weightage each. It shall be evaluated for 50 external marks. There shall

be no internal marks for Summer Internship. A student shall secure minimum 40% of marks for successful completion. In case, if a student fails, he/she shall reappear as and when semester supplementary examinations are conducted by the University.

**Full Semester Internship and Project work:** In the final semester, the student should mandatorily register and undergo internship (onsite/virtual) and in parallel he/she should work on a project with well-defined objectives. At the end of the semester the candidate shall submit an internship completion certificate and a project report. A student shall also be permitted to submit project report on the work carried out during the internship.

The project report shall be evaluated with an external examiner. The total marks for project work 200 marks and distribution shall be 60 marks for internal and 140 marks for external evaluation. The supervisor assesses the student for 30 marks (Report: 15 marks, Seminar: 15 marks). At the end of the semester, all projects shall be showcased at the department for the benefit of all students and staff and the same is to be evaluated by the departmental Project Review Committee consisting of supervisor, a senior faculty and HOD for 30 marks. The external evaluation of Project Work is a Viva-Voce Examination conducted in the presence of internal examiner and external examiner appointed by the University and is evaluated for 140 marks.

The college shall facilitate and monitor the student internship programs. Completion of internships is mandatory, if any student fails to complete internship, he/she will not be eligible for the award of degree. In such cases, the student shall repeat and complete the internship.

# 15. Guidelines for offering a Minor

To promote interdisciplinary knowledge among the students, the students admitted into B.Tech. in a major stream/branch are eligible to obtain degree in Minor in another stream.

- i) The Minor program requires the completion of 12 credits in Minor stream chosen.
- i) Two courses for 06 credits related to a Minor are to be pursued compulsorily for the minor degree, but maybe waived for students who have done similar/equivalent courses. If waived for a student, then the student must take an extra elective course in its place. It is recommended that students should complete the compulsory courses (or equivalents) before registering for the electives.
- ii) Electives (minimum of 2 courses) to complete a total of 12 credits.

**Note:** A total of 04 Open Electives are offered in the curriculum. A student can complete the requirement for Minor by opting for the courses offered through various verticals/tracks under Open Electives.

# 16. Guidelines for offering Honors

The objective of introducing B.Tech. (Hons.) is to facilitate the students to choose additionally the specialized courses of their choice and build their competence in a specialized area in the UG level. The programme is a best choice for academically excellent students having good academic record and interest towards higher studies and research.

- i) Honors is introduced in the curriculum of all B. Tech. programs offering a major degree and is applicable to all B. Tech (Regular and Lateral Entry) students admitted in Engineering & Technology.
- ii) A student shall earn additional 15 credits for award of B.Tech.(Honors) degree from same branch/department/discipline registered for major degree. This is in addition to the credits essential for obtaining the Undergraduate degree in Major Discipline (i.e., 160 credits).
- iii) A student is permitted to register for Honors in IV semester after the results of III Semester are declared and students may be allowed to take maximum two subjects per semester pertaining to the Honors from V Semester onwards.
- iv) The concerned Principal of the college shall arrange separate class work and timetable of the courses offered under Honors program.
- v) Courses that are used to fulfil the student"s primary major may not be double counted towards the Honors. Courses with content substantially equivalent to courses in the student's primary Major may not be counted towards the Honors.
- vi) Students can complete the courses offered under Honors either in the college or in online platforms like SWAYAM with a minimum duration of 12 weeks for a 3-credit course and 8 weeks duration for a 2-credit course satisfying the criteria for credit mobility. If the courses under Honors are offered in conventional mode, then the teaching and evaluation procedure shall be similar to regular B. Tech courses.
- vii) The attendance for the registered courses under Honors and regular courses offered for Major degree in a semester are to be considered separately.
- viii) A student shall maintain an attendance of 75% in all registered courses under Honors to be eligible for attending semester end examinations.
- ix) A student registered for Honors shall pass in all subjects that constitute the requirement for the Honors degree program. No class/division (i.e., second class, first class and distinction, etc.) shall be awarded for Honors degree programme.
- x) If a student drops or is terminated from the Honors program, the additional credits so far earned cannot be converted into open or core electives; they will remain extra. However, such students will receive a separate grade sheet mentioning the additional courses completed by them.
- xi) The Honors will be mentioned in the degree certificate as Bachelor of Technology (Honors) in XYZ. For example, B.Tech. (Honors) in Mechanical Engineering

# **Enrolment into Honors:**

- i) Students of a Department/Discipline are eligible to opt for Honors program offered by the same Department/Discipline
- ii) The enrolment of student into Honors is based on the CGPA obtained in the major degree program. CGPA shall be taken up to III semester in case of regular entry students and only III semester in case of lateral entry students.

- Students having 7 CGPA without any backlog subjects will be permitted to register for Honors.
- iii) If a student is detained due to lack of attendance either in Major or in Honors, registration shall be cancelled.
- iv) Transfer of credits from Honors to regular B. Tech degree and vice-versa shall not be permitted.
- v) Honors is to be completed simultaneously with a Major degree program.

# **Registration for Honors:**

- i) The eligible and interested students shall apply through the HOD of his/her parent department. The whole process should be completed within one week before the start of every semester. Selected students shall be permitted to register the courses under Honors.
- ii) The selected students shall submit their willingness to the principal through his/her parent department offering Honors. The parent department shall maintain the record of student pursuing the Honors.
- iii) The students enrolled in the Honors courses will be monitored continuously. An advisor/mentor from parent department shall be assigned to a group of students to monitor the progress.
- iv) There is no fee for registration of subjects for Honors program offered in offline at the respective institutions.

# 17. Attendance Requirements:

- i) A student shall be eligible to appear for the University external examinations if he/she acquires a minimum of 40% attendance in each subject and 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects. Condonation of shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above and below 75%) in each semester may be granted by the College Academic Committee.
- ii) Shortage of Attendance below 65% in aggregate shall in NO CASE be condoned.
- iii) A stipulated fee shall be payable towards condonation of shortage of attendance to the University.
- iv) Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester are not eligible to take their end examination of that class and their registration shall stand cancelled.
- v) A student will not be promoted to the next semester unless he satisfies the attendance requirements of the present semester. They may seek readmission for that semester from the date of commencement of class work.
- vi) If any candidate fulfils the attendance requirement in the present semester, he shall not be eligible for readmission into the same class.
- vii) If the learning is carried out in blended mode (both offline & online), then the total attendance of the student shall be calculated considering the offline and online attendance of the student.

viii) For induction programme attendance shall be maintained as per AICTE norms.

# 18. Promotion Rules:

The following academic requirements must be satisfied in addition to the attendance requirements mentioned in section 16.

- i) A student shall be promoted from first year to second year if he/she fulfils the minimum attendance requirement as per university norms.
- ii) A student will be promoted from II to III year if he/she fulfils the academic requirement of securing 40% of the credits (any *decimal* fraction should be *rounded off* to *lower* digit) up to in the subjects that have been studied up to III semester.
- iii) A student shall be promoted from III year to IV year if he/she fulfils the academic requirements of securing 40% of the credits (any *decimal* fraction should be *rounded off* to *lower* digit) in the subjects that have been studied up to V semester.
  - And in case a student is detained for want of credits for a particular academic year by ii) & iii) above, the student may make up the credits through supplementary examinations and only after securing the required credits he/she shall be permitted to join in the V semester or VII semester respectively as the case may be.
- iv) When a student is detained due to lack of credits/shortage of attendance he/she may be re-admitted when the semester is offered after fulfilment of academic regulations. In such case, he/she shall be in the academic regulations into which he/she is readmitted.

# 19. Grading:

As a measure of the student"s performance, a 10-point Absolute Grading System using the following Letter Grades and corresponding percentage of marks shall be followed:

After each course is evaluated for 100 marks, the marks obtained in each course will be converted to a corresponding letter grade as given below, depending on the range in which the marks obtained by the student fall.

**Structure of Grading of Academic Performance** 

| Range in which the        | Grade         | Grade points |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| marks in the subject fall |               | Assigned     |
| 90 & above                | S (Superior)  | 10           |
| 80 - 89                   | A (Excellent) | 9            |
| 70 - 79                   | B (Very Good) | 8            |
| 60 - 69                   | C (Good)      | 7            |
| 50 - 59                   | D (Average)   | 6            |
| 40 - 49                   | E (Pass)      | 5            |
| < 40                      | F (Fail)      | 0            |
| Absent                    | Ab (Absent)   | 0            |

- i) A student obtaining Grade "F" or Grade "Ab" in a subject shall be considered failed and will be required to reappear for that subject when it is offered the next supplementary examination.
- ii) For non-credit audit courses, "Satisfactory" or "Unsatisfactory" shall be indicated instead of the letter grade and this will not be counted for the computation of SGPA/CGPA/Percentage.

Computation of Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative GradePoint Average (CGPA):

The Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) is the ratio of sum of the product of the number of credits with the grade points scored by a student in all the courses taken by a student and the sum of the number of credits of all the courses undergone by a student, i.e.,

SGPA = 
$$\Sigma (C_i \times G_i)/\Sigma C_i$$

where, C<sub>i</sub> is the number of credits of the i<sup>th</sup> subject and G<sub>i</sub> is the grade point scored by the student in the i<sup>th</sup> course.

The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) will be computed in the same manner considering all the courses undergone by a student over all the semesters of a program, i.e.,

$$CGPA = \Sigma (C_i \times S_i) / \Sigma C_i$$

where "Si" is the SGPA of the i<sup>th</sup> semester and Ci is the total number of credits up to that semester.

Both SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points and reported in the transcripts.

While computing the SGPA the subjects in which the student is awarded Zero grade points will also be included.

Grade Point: It is a numerical weight allotted to each letter grade on a 10-point scale. Letter Grade: It is an index of the performance of students in a said course. Grades are denoted by the letters S, A, B, C, D and F.

# **Award of Class:**

After a student has satisfied the requirements prescribed for the completion of the program and is eligible for the award of B. Tech. Degree, he/she shall be placed in one of the following four classes:

| Class Awarded                | CGPA Secured |
|------------------------------|--------------|
| First Class with Distinction | ≥7.5         |
| First Class                  | ≥ 6.5 < 7.5  |
| Second Class                 | ≥ 5.5 < 6.5  |
| Pass Class                   | ≥ 5.0 < 5.5  |

CGPA to Percentage conversion Formula – (CGPA – 0.5) x 10

# 20. With-holding of Results

If the candidate has any dues not paid to the university or if any case of indiscipline or malpractice is pending against him/her, the result of the candidate shall be withheld in such cases.

# 21. Multiple Entry / Exit Option

# (a) Exit Policy:

The students can choose to exit the four-year programme at the end of first/second/third year.

- i) **UG Certificate in (Field of study/discipline)** Programme duration: First year (first two semesters) of the undergraduate programme, 40 credits followed by an additional exit 10-credit bridge course(s) lasting two months, including at least 6- credit job-specific internship/ apprenticeship that would help the candidates acquire job-ready competencies required to enter the workforce.
- ii) **UG Diploma** (in Field of study/discipline) Programme duration: First two years (first four semesters) of the undergraduate programme, 80 credits followed by an additional exit 10-credit bridge course(s) lasting two months, including at least 6- credit job-specific internship/ apprenticeship that would help the candidates acquire job-ready competencies required to enter the workforce.
- iii) Bachelor of Science (in Field of study/discipline) i.e., B.Sc. Engineering in (Field of study/discipline)- Programme duration: First three years (first six semesters) of the undergraduate programme, 120 credits.

# (b) Entry Policy:

Modalities on multiple entry by the student into the B.Tech. programme will be provided in due course of time.

**Note:** The Universities shall resolve any issues that may arise in the implementation of Multiple Entry and Exit policies from time to time and shall review the policies in the light of periodic changes brought by UGC, AICTE and State government.

# 22. Gap Year Concept:

Gap year concept for Student Entrepreneur in Residence is introduced and outstanding students who wish to pursue entrepreneurship / become entrepreneur are allowed to take a break of one year at any time after II year to pursue full-time entrepreneurship programme/to establish startups. This period may be extended to two years at the most and these two years would not be counted for the time for the maximum time for graduation. The principal of the respective college shall forward such proposals submitted by the students to the University. An evaluation committee constituted by the University shall evaluate the proposal submitted by the student and the committee shall decide whether to permit the student(s) to avail the Gap Year or not

# 23. Transitory Regulations

Discontinued, detained, or failed candidates are eligible for readmission as and when the semester is offered after fulfilment of academic regulations. Candidates who have been detained for want of attendance or not fulfilled academic requirements or who have failed after having undergone the course in earlier regulations or have discontinued and wish to continue the course are eligible for admission into the unfinished semester from the date of commencement of class work with the same or equivalent subjects as and when subjects are offered, subject to Section 2 and they will follow the academic regulations into which they are readmitted.

Candidates who are permitted to avail Gap Year shall be eligible for re-joining into the succeeding year of their B. Tech from the date of commencement of class work, subject to Section 2 and they will follow the academic regulations into which they are readmitted.

# 24. Minimum Instruction Days for a Semester:

The minimum instruction days including exams for each semester shall be 90 days.

# 25. Medium of Instruction:

The medium of instruction of the entire B. Tech undergraduate programme in Engineering &Technology (including examinations and project reports) will be in English only.

# 26. Student Transfers:

Student transfers shall be as per the guidelines issued by the Government of Andhra Pradesh and the Universities from time to time.

# 27. General Instructions:

- i. The academic regulations should be read as a whole for purpose of any interpretation.
- ii. Malpractices <u>rules-nature</u> and punishments are appended.
- iii. Where the words "he", "him", "his", occur in the regulations, they also include "she", "her", "hers", respectively.
- iv. In the case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Vice-Chancellor is final.
- v. The Universities may change or amend the academic regulations or syllabi at any time and the changes or amendments shall be made applicable to all the students on rolls with effect from the dates notified by the Universities.
- vi. In the case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the guidelines given, the decision of the Vice-Chancellor / Head of the institution is final.

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# ACADEMIC REGULATIONS (R23) FOR B.TECH. (LATERAL ENTRY SCHEME)

(Effective for the students admitted into II year through Lateral Entry Scheme from the Academic Year 2024-25 onwards)

# 1. Award of the Degree

- (a) Award of the B.Tech. Degree / B.Tech. Degree with a Minor if he/she fulfils the following:
  - (i) Pursues a course of study for not less than three academic years and not more than six academic years. However, for the students availing Gap year facility this period shall be extended by two years at the most and these two years would in addition to the maximum period permitted for graduation (Six years).
  - (ii) Registers for 120 credits and secures all 120 credits.
- (b) **Award of B.Tech. degree with Honors** if he/she fulfils the following:
  - (i) Student secures additional 15 credits fulfilling all the requisites of a B.Tech. program i.e., 120 credits.
  - (ii) Registering for Honors is optional.
  - (iii) Honors is to be completed simultaneously with B.Tech. programme.
- **2.** Students, who fail to fulfil the requirement for the award of the degree within six consecutive academic years from the year of admission, shall forfeit their seat.

# 3. Minimum Academic Requirements

The following academic requirements have to be satisfied in addition to the requirements mentioned in item no.2

- i. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the minimum academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each theory, practical, design, drawing subject or project if he secures not less than 35% of marks in the end examination and a minimum of 40% of marks in the sum total of the mid semester evaluation and end examination taken together.
- ii. A student shall be promoted from III year to IV year if he/she fulfils the academic requirements of securing 40% of the credits (any decimal fraction should be rounded off to lower digit) in the subjects that have been studied up to V semester.

And in case if student is already detained for want of credits for particular academic year, the student may make up the credits through supplementary exams of the above exams before the commencement of IV year I semester class work of next year.

# 4. Course Pattern

- i) The entire course of study is three academic years on semester pattern.
- ii) A student eligible to appear for the end examination in a subject but absent at it or has failed in the end examination may appear for that subject at the next supplementary examination offered.
- iii) When a student is detained due to lack of credits/shortage of attendance the student may be readmitted when the semester is offered after fulfilment of academic regulations, the student shall be in the academic regulations into whichhe/she is readmitted.
- **5.** All other regulations as applicable for B. Tech. Four-year degree course (Regular) willhold good for B. Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme).

# BONAM VENKATA CHALAMAYYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY &SCIENCE

# VISIONANDMISSIONOFTHE INSTITUTION



To be a Premier Institution in Education and Research, producing global leaders in Engineering, Technology and Management.

# **MISSION**

- **IM 1.** Imparting quality and outcome-based education towards academic excellence.
- **IM 2.** Inculcating team spirit and professional ethics among stake holders.
- **IM 3.** Strengthening links with industry through internships and collaborative development works.

# DEPARTMENTOFELECTRONICSANDCOMMUNICATIONENGINEERING

# **VISIONANDMISSIONOFTHEDEPARTMENT**



To become a recognised centre for quality electronics and communication engineering education and develop ethically sound, globally competent and socially responsible engineers.



**DM1**To provide learner-centric Electronics and Communication Engineering education to overcome the professional challenges.

**DM2**To pursue research and new technologies in Electronics & Communication Engineering and related disciplines to serve the society, industry, government and scientific community needs.

**DM3**Topromoteactivitiesforoveralldevelopmentofstakeholderwithethicaland Professional responsibility.

# PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)

PEO1 Graduateswillexcelintheirprofessionalcareerand/orhighereducationby applying knowledge of Mathematical, Scientific and Electronics and Communication engineering. PEO 2 Graduates will analyze and solve real life problems, adopt the modern engineering tools to design systems that are economically feasible and socially acceptable

**PEO 3** Graduates will exhibit professionalism, social, ethical responsibility and inter- personal skills to relate engineering issues in broader social context.

PEO 4 Graduates will have the zeal and motivation to get involved in lifelong learning process to become Innovators, Entrepreneurs and Leaders

# PROGRAM SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES(PSOs)

**PSO 1** Professional Skills: An ability to design, analyse and implement Analog and Digital Electronics systems, Communication, Signal processing, VLSI, Embedded and IoTsystems using hardware and software.

PSO 2 Soft-Skills & Ethics: Ability to communicate effectively and practice

# **PROGRAMOUTCOMES**

**PO1ENGINEERING KNOWLEDGE**: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

**PO2PROBLEM ANALYSIS**: Identify, formulate, research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

**PO3DESIGN/DEVELOPMENT OF SOLUTIONS**: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

**PO4CONDUCTINVESTIGATIONSOFCOMPLEXPROBLEMS**: Useresearch-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

**PO5MODERN TOOL USAGE**: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

**PO6THE ENGINEER AND SOCIETY**: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

**PO7ENVIRONMENT AND SUSTAINABILITY**: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

**POSETHICS**: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

**PO9INDIVIDUAL AND TEAM WORK**: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

**PO10 COMMUNICATION:** Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, give and receive clear instructions.

**PO11PROJECT MANAGEMENT AND FINANCE**: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

**PO12 LIFE-LONG LEARNING:** Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

# **B.Tech I Year-I Semester**

| S.No. | Category | Subject Code | Subject Name                                     | L | T | P | Credits |
|-------|----------|--------------|--|---|---|---|---------|
| 1.    | BS&H     | 23HM1T01     | Communicative English                            | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2       |
| 2.    | BS&H     | 23BS1T01     | Engineering Physics                              | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3       |
| 3.    | BS&H     | 23BS1T02     | Linea rAlgebra and Calculus                      | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3       |
| 4.    | ES       | 23ES1T01     | Basic Electrical & Electronics<br>Engineering    | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3       |
| 5.    | ES       | 23ES1T02     | Introduction To Programming                      | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3       |
| 6.    | BS&H     | 23HM1L01     | Communicative English Lab                        | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1       |
| 7.    | BS&H     | 23BS1L01     | Engineering Physics Lab                          | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1       |
| 8.    | ES       | 23ES1L01     | Electrical & Electronics Engineering<br>Workshop | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1.5     |
| 9.    | ES       | 23ES1L02     | Computer Programming Lab                         | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1.5     |
| 10.   | BS&H     | 23HM1L02     | Health and Wellness, Yoga and Sports             | - | - | 1 | 0.5     |

# **B.Tech I Year-II Semester**

| S.No. | Category | Subject Code | Subject Name                                  | L | Т | P | Credits |
|-------|----------|--------------|---|---|---|---|---------|
| 1.    | BS&H     | 23BS2T03     | Chemistry                                     | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3       |
| 2.    | BS&H     | 23BS2T04     | Differential Equations & Vector Calculus      | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3       |
| 3.    | ES       | 23ES2T03     | Basic Civil & Mechanical Engineering          | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3       |
| 4.    | ES       | 23ES2T04     | Engineering Graphics                          | 1 | 0 | 4 | 3       |
| 5.    | PCC      | 23EE2T02     | Network Analysis                              | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3       |
| 6.    | ES       | 23ES2L03     | IT WorkShop                                   | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1       |
| 7.    | BS&H     | 23BS2L02     | Chemistry Lab                                 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1       |
| 8.    | PCC      | 23EE2L02     | Network Analysis & Simulation<br>Laboratory   | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1.5     |
| 9.    | ES       | 23ES2L04     | Engineering Workshop                          | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1.52    |
| 10.   | BS&H     | 23HM2L03     | NSS/NCC/Scouts & Guides/<br>Community Service | - | - | 1 | 0.5     |

# **B.Tech II Year I Semester**

| S.No. | Category | Subject Code | Subject Name  | L | T | P  | Credits |
|-------|----------|--------------|---|---|---|----|---------|
| 1     | BS       | 23BS3T03     | Complex Variables and Random Process                                      | 3 | 0 | 0  | 3       |
| 2     | HSMC     | 23HM3T01     | Universal Human Values–Understanding<br>Harmony and Ethical Human Conduct | 2 | 1 | 0  | 3       |
| 3     | ESC      | 23ES3T03     | Signals and Systems   | 3 | 0 | 0  | 3       |
| 4     | PCC      | 23EC3T01     | Electronic Devices and Circuits   | 3 | 0 | 0  | 3       |
| 5     | PCC      | 23EC3T02     | Switching Theory and Logic Design   | 3 | 0 | 0  | 3       |
| 6     | PCC      | 23EC3L01     | Electronic Devices and Circuits Lab                                       | 0 | 0 | 3  | 1.5     |
| 7     | PCC      | 23EC3L02     | Switching Theory and Logic Design Lab                                     | 0 | 0 | 3  | 1.5     |
| 8     | SEC      | 23SC3L03     | Data Structures using Python  | 0 | 1 | 2  | 2       |
| 9     | AC       | 23NC3T01     | Environmental Science   | 2 | 0 | 0  | 0       |
|       | Total    |              |   |   | 2 | 08 | 20      |

# **B.Tech II Year II Semester**

| S.No. | Category | Subject Code | Subject Name                                    | L  | T | P  | Credits |
|-------|----------|--------------|---|----|---|----|---------|
| 1     | HSMC     | 23HM4T02     | Managerial Economics and Financial<br>Analysis  | 2  | 0 | 0  | 2       |
| 2     | ESC      | 23ES4T09     | Linear Control Systems                          | 3  | 0 | 0  | 3       |
| 3     | PCC      | 23EC4T03     | Electromagnetic Waves and Transmission<br>Lines | 3  | 0 | 0  | 3       |
| 4     | PCC      | 23EC4T04     | Electronic Circuit Analysis                     | 3  | 0 | 0  | 3       |
| 5     | PCC      | 23EC4T05     | Analog Communications                           | 3  | 0 | 0  | 3       |
| 6     | PCC      | 23EC4L03     | Signals and Systems Lab                         | 0  | 0 | 3  | 1.5     |
| 7     | PCC      | 23EC4L04     | Electronic Circuit Analysis lab                 | 0  | 0 | 3  | 1.5     |
| 8     | SEC      | 23SE4L07     | Soft Skills                                     | 0  | 1 | 2  | 2       |
| 9     | ESC      | 23ES4L01     | Design Thinking &Innovation                     | 1  | 0 | 2  | 2       |
|       | Total    |              |   | 15 | 1 | 10 | 21      |

Mandatory Community Service Project Internship of 08 weeks duration during summer Vacation

| I Year-I Semester |                       |   |   |   |   |  |  |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|--|--|
|                   |                       | L | T | P | C |  |  |
| 23HM1T01          | Communicative English | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  |  |
|                   |                       |   |   |   |   |  |  |

# **Course Objectives:**

The main objective of introducing this course, **Communicative English**, is to facilitate effective Listening, Reading, Speaking and Writing skills among the students. It enhances—the same in their comprehending abilities, oral presentations, reporting useful information and providing knowledge of grammatical structures and vocabulary. This course helps the students to make them effective in speaking and writing skills and to make them industry ready.

# Course Outcomes: After completing this course the student will be able to:

- CO1 Understand the context, topic, and pieces of specific information from social or Transactional dialogues and respond to them in the form of conversations along with making Oral Presentations.
- CO2 To write sentences, paragraphs and essays with appropriate grammatical structures and other language elements.
- CO3 Organize ideas in a logical and coherent manner in both spoken and written forms.
- CO4 Evaluate reading/listening texts and to write summaries based on global comprehension of these texts.
- CO5 Write formal written communication in the forms of Letters, E-Mails, Resume, Cover Letters and Report writing.

# **UNIT I**

# Lesson: HUMAN VALUES: Gift of Magi (Short Story) 10 Hrs

Listening: Identifying the topic, the context and specific pieces of information by listening to

short audio texts and answering a series of questions. (English Communication

Skills Lab software is used for emphasizing more on Listening Skills in the lab)

Speaking: Asking and answering general questions on familiar topics such as home, family,

work, studies and interests; introducing oneself and others. Narrating stories,

incidents and processes. (Will be dealt in lab)

Reading: Skimming to get the main idea of a text; scanning to look for specific pieces of

information.

Writing: Remedial teaching of writing mechanics - Capitalization, Spellings,

Punctuation-Parts of Sentences.

Grammar: Remedial teaching of Parts of Speech, Basic Sentence Structures-

forming questions.

Vocabulary: Content based Synonyms, Antonyms, Affixes (Prefixes/Suffixes), Root words.

# **UNIT II**

# **Lesson: NATURE: The Brook by Alfred Tennyson (Poem)**

Listening: Answering a series of questions about main ideas and supporting ideas after

listening to audio texts. Listening to various poems on nature on different themes. (English Communication Skills Lab software is used for emphasizing more on

Listening Skills in the lab)

Speaking: Discussion in pairs/small groups on specific topics followed by short structuretalks.

Discussions based on nature related topics to sensitize students towards nature

related issues in their environment.

Reading: Identifying sequence of ideas; recognizing verbal techniques that help to link the

ideas in a paragraph together.

Writing: Creative writing and reading comprehending and interpreting poems and other

creative works. Structure of a paragraph - Paragraph writing (Specific Topics).

Grammar: Cohesive devices - linkers, use of articles and zero article;

Prepositions. Contracted forms and other remedial grammar aspects.

Vocabulary: Text Book based Homonyms, Homophones, Homographs, Minimal Pairs,

Rhyming words and Rhythm.

# **UNIT III**

# Lesson: BIOGRAPHY: Elon Musk

Listening: Listening for global comprehension and summarizing what is listened to.

Listening to biographies of eminent persons from science and technology.

(English Communication Skills Lab software is used for emphasizing more on

Listening Skills in the lab)

Speaking: Discussing specific topics in pairs or small groups and reporting what is discussed.

Introduction of self and others, introducing Guests and speakers in formal meetings.

Reading: Reading a text in detail by making basic inferences -recognizing and interpreting specific

context clues; strategies to use text clues for comprehension.

Writing: Summarizing, Note-making, paraphrasing, writing E-Mails

Grammar: Verbs - tenses; subject-verb agreement; Compound words, Collocations

Vocabulary: Text Book based Compound words and Collocations

# **UNIT IV**

# **Lesson: INSPIRATION: The Toys of Peace by Saki**

Listening: Making predictions while listening to conversations/ transactional dialogues without

video; listening with video.

Speaking: Role plays for practice of conversational English in academic contexts (formal and

informal) - asking for and giving information/directions.

Reading: Studying the use of graphic elements in texts to convey information, reveal trends /

patterns / relationships, communicate processes or display complicated data/ reading

dialogues with intonation.

Writing: Letter Writing: Official Letters, Resumes, and Cover Letters; convert

stories in drama and drama into story

Grammar: Reporting verbs, Direct & Indirect speech, Active & Passive Voice

Vocabulary: Words often confused and Jargons from Text Book.

# **UNIT V**

# **Lesson: MOTIVATION:** The Power of Intrapersonal Communication (An Essay)

Listening: Identifying key terms, understanding concepts and answering a series of relevant

questions that test comprehension.

Speaking: Formal oral presentations on topics from academic contexts

Reading: Reading comprehension.

Writing: Writing structured essays on specific topics.

Grammar: Editing short texts –identifying and correcting common errors in grammar andusage

(articles, prepositions, tenses, subject verb agreement)

Vocabulary: Text Book based Technical Jargons

# Textbooks:

1. Pathfinder: Communicative English for Undergraduate Students, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, OrientBlack Swan, 2023 (Units 1,2 & 3)

2. Empowering with Language by Cengage Publications, 2023 (Units 4 & 5)

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. Dubey, Sham Ji & Co. English for Engineers, Vikas Publishers, 2020
- 2. Bailey, Stephen. Academic writing: A Handbook for International Students. Routledge, 2014.
- 3. Murphy, Raymond. English Grammar in Use, Fourth Edition, Cambridge UniversityPress, 2019.
- 4. Lewis, Norman. Word Power Made Easy- The Complete Handbook for Building a Superior Vocabulary. Anchor, 2014.

# Web Resources:

# **GRAMMAR:**

- 1. www.bbc.co.uk/learningenglish
- 2. https://dictionary.cambridge.org/grammar/british-grammar/
- 3. www.eslpod.com/index.html
- 4. https://www.learngrammar.net/
- 5. <a href="https://english4today.com/english-grammar-online-with-quizzes/">https://english4today.com/english-grammar-online-with-quizzes/</a>
- 6. https://www.talkenglish.com/grammar/grammar.aspx

# **VOCABULARY**

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/c/DailyVideoVocabulary/videos
- 2. <a href="https://www.youtube.com/channel/UC4cmBAit8i\_NJZE8qK8sfpA">https://www.youtube.com/channel/UC4cmBAit8i\_NJZE8qK8sfpA</a>

| I Year-I Semester |                     |   |     |   |   |  |
|-------------------|---------------------|---|-----|---|---|--|
| 23BS1T01          |                     | L | T   | P | C |  |
|                   | Engineering Physics | 3 | 3 0 | 0 | 3 |  |

# **Course Objectives:**

To bridge the gap between the Physics in school at 10+2 level and UG level engineering courses by identifying the importance of the optical phenomenon like interference, diffraction etc, enlightening the periodic arrangement of atoms in crystalline solids and concepts of quantum mechanics, introduce novel concepts of dielectric and magnetic materials, physics of semiconductors.

# **Course Outcomes:**

CO1: Analyze the intensity variation of light due to polarization, interference and diffraction.CO2: Familiarize with the basics of crystals and their structures.

CO3: Explain fundamentals of quantum mechanics and apply it to one dimensional motion of particles.

CO4: Summarize various types of polarization of dielectrics and classify the magnetic materials.

CO5: Identify the type of semiconductor using Hall effect.

# **UNIT I** Wave Optics

**Interference**: Introduction - Principle of superposition –Interference of light - Interference in thin films (Reflection Geometry) & applications - Colours in thin films- Newton's Rings, Determination of wavelength and refractive index.

**Diffraction**: Introduction - Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffractions - Fraunhofer diffraction due to single slit, double slit & N-slits (Qualitative) - Diffraction Grating - Dispersive power and resolving power of Grating (Qualitative).

**Polarization**: Introduction -Types of polarization - Polarization by reflection, refraction and Double refraction - Nicol's Prism -Half wave and Quarter wave plates.

# UNIT II Crystallography and X-ray diffraction

Crystallography: Space lattice, Basis, Unit Cell and lattice parameters – Bravais Lattices – crystal systems (3D) – coordination number - packing fraction of SC, BCC & FCC - Miller indices – separation between successive (hkl) planes.

**X-ray diffraction**: Bragg's law - X-ray Diffractometer – crystal structure determination byLaue's and powder methods

# **UNIT III Dielectric and Magnetic Materials**

**Dielectric Materials**: Introduction - Dielectric polarization - Dielectric polarizability, Susceptibility, Dielectric constant and Displacement Vector - Relation between the electric vectors - Types of polarizations- Electronic (Quantitative), Ionic (Quantitative) and Orientation

polarizations (Qualitative) - Lorentz internal field - Clausius- Mossotti equation - complex dielectric constant – Frequency dependence of polarization – dielectric loss.

**Magnetic Materials**: Introduction - Magnetic dipole moment - Magnetization-Magnetic susceptibility and permeability — Atomic origin of magnetism - Classification of magnetic materials: Dia, para, Ferro, anti-ferro & Ferri magnetic materials - Domain concept for Ferromagnetism & Domain walls (Qualitative) - Hysteresis - soft and hard magnetic materials.

# **UNIT IV Quantum Mechanics and Free electron Theory**

**Quantum Mechanics**: Dual nature of matter – Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle – Significance and properties of wave function – Schrodinger's time independent and dependentwave equations– Particle in a one-dimensional infinite potential well.

**Free Electron Theory**: Classical free electron theory (Qualitative with discussion of merits and demerits) – Quantum free electron theory – electrical conductivity based on quantum free electron theory - Fermi-Dirac distribution - Density of states - Fermi energy

# **UNIT V Semiconductors**

**Semiconductors**: Formation of energy bands – classification of crystalline solids - Intrinsic semiconductors, Density of charge carriers – Electrical conductivity – Fermi level – Extrinsic semiconductors, density of charge carriers – dependence of Fermi energy on carrier concentration and temperature - Drift and diffusion currents – Einstein's equation – Hall effectand its applications.

# **Textbooks:**

- 1. A Text book of Engineering Physics, M. N. Avadhanulu, P.G.Kshirsagar & TVS ArunMurthy, S. Chand Publications, 11th Edition 2019.
- 2. Engineering Physics D.K.Bhattacharya and Poonam Tandon, Oxford press (2015)

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. Engineering Physics B.K. Pandey and S. Chaturvedi, Cengage Learning 2021.
- 2. Engineering Physics Shatendra Sharma, Jyotsna Sharma, Pearson Education, 2018.
- 3. Engineering Physics" Sanjay D. Jain, D. Sahasrabudhe and Girish, University Press.2010
- 4. Engineering Physics M.R. Srinivasan, New Age international publishers (2009).
- 5. Engineering Physics –P K Palaniswamy, winners wisdom, SCITECH (2018)

# Web Resources:

https://www.loc.gov/rr/scitech/selected-internet/physics.html

| I Year-I Semester |                             |   |   |   |   |  |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|
| 23BS1T02          | Linear Algebra & Calculus   | L | T | P | C |  |
|                   | Zinear riigeora et Carcaras | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |  |

# **Course Objectives:**

To equip the students with standard concepts and tools at an intermediate to advanced level mathematics to develop the confidence and ability among the students to handle various real-world problems and their applications.

# Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to:

- CO1: Find the Rank of a matrix and Solve the system of linear equations.
- CO2: find the inverse and power of a matrix by using Cayley-Hamilton theorem and reduce the Quadratic form into canonical form.
- CO3: Understand the geometrical interpretation of Mean value theorems and expand the given function as a power series
- CO4: Familiarize with functions of several variables, which is useful in optimization.
- CO5: Familiarize with double and triple integrals of functions of several variables in two dimensions using Cartesian and polar coordinates and three dimensions using cylindrical and spherical coordinates.

# **Unit-I:** Linear Transformations (10 Periods):

Rank of a matrix by echelon form, normal form and PAQ normal form. Cauchy—Binet formulae (without proof). Inverse of Non- singular matrices by Gauss-Jordan method, System of linear equations: Solving system of Homogeneous and Non-Homogeneous equations by Gauss elimination method, Jacobi and Gauss Seidel Iteration Methods.

# **Unit-II:** Eigenvalues, Eigenvectors and Orthogonal Transformation (10 Periods):

Eigenvalues, Eigenvectors and their properties, Cayley-Hamilton Theorem (without proof), finding inverse and power of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton Theorem, Quadratic forms and Nature of the Quadratic Forms, Reduction of Quadratic form to canonical form by Orthogonal Transformation.

# **Unit-III:**Calculus (10 periods):

Mean Value Theorems: Rolle's Theorem, Lagrange's mean value theorem with their geometrical interpretation, Cauchy's mean value theorem, Taylor's and Maclaurin theorems with remainders (without proof) and related Problems.

# **Unit-IV:**Partial differentiation and Applications (Multi variable calculus) (10 periods):

Functions of several variables: Continuity and Differentiability, Partial derivatives, total

derivatives, chain rule, Euler's theorem, Taylor's and Maclaurin's series expansion of functions of two variables. Jacobians, Functional dependence, maxima and minima of functions of two variables, method of Lagrange multipliers.

# Unit-V: Multiple Integrals (Multi variable Calculus) (10 periods):

Double integrals, triple integrals, change of order of integration, change of variables to polar, cylindrical and spherical coordinates. Finding areas (by double integrals) and volumes (by double integrals and triple integrals).

# **Text Books:**

- 1. Higher Engineering Mathematics, B. S. Grewal, Khanna Publishers, 2017, 44th Edition
- 2. Higher Engineering Mathematics, B.V. Ramana, Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Private Limited. Nineteenth edition.

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Erwin Kreyszig, John Wiley & Sons, 2018, 10th Edition
- 2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, R. K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, Alpha ScienceInternational Ltd., 2021 5th Edition (9th reprint).
- 3. Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics, Glyn James, Pearson publishers, 2018, 5th Edition.
- 4. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Micheael Greenberg, Pearson publishers, 9th edition
- 5. Linear Algebra & Calculus, S. Chand Publications, 2023, TKV Iyengar, B Krishna Gandhi, S Ranganatham, MVSSN Prasad.
- 6. Thomas Calculus, George B. Thomas, Maurice D. Weir and Joel Hass, Pearson Publishers, 2018,14th Edition.

| I Year-I Semester |   |   |   |   |   |  |
|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|
|                   |   | L | T | P | C |  |
| 23ES1T01          | <b>Basic Electrical &amp; Electronics Engineering</b> | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |  |

# **Course Objectives**

To expose to the field of electrical & electronics engineering, laws and principles of electrical/ electronic engineering and to acquire fundamental knowledge in the relevant field.

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course students will be able to

- **CO1.** Describe fundamental laws, operating principles of motors/generators, MC/MI instruments (L2)
- **CO2.** Demonstrate the working of electrical machines, measuring instruments and power generation stations. (L2)
- **CO3.** Apply mathematical tools and fundamental concepts to derive various equations related to electrical circuits and machines. (L3)
- CO4. Calculate electrical load and electricity bill of residential and commercial buildings. (L4)

# PART A: BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

### UNIT I DC & AC Circuits

**DC Circuits:** Electrical circuit elements (R, L and C), Ohm's Law and its limitations, KCL & KVL, series, parallel, series-parallel circuits, Super Position theorem, Simple numerical problems.

**AC Circuits:** A.C. Fundamentals: Equation of AC Voltage and current, waveform, time period, frequency, amplitude, phase, phase difference, average value, RMS value, form factor, peak factor, Voltage and current relationship with phasor diagrams in R, L, and C circuits, Concept of Impedance, Active power, reactive power and apparent power, Concept of power factor (Simple Numerical problems).

# **UNIT II** Machines and Measuring Instruments

**Machines:** Construction, principle and operation of (i) DC Generator, (ii) Single Phase Transformer, (iii) Three Phase Induction Motor and (iv) Alternator, Applications of electrical machines.

**Measuring Instruments:** Construction and working principle of Permanent Magnet Moving Coil (PMMC), Moving Iron (MI) Instruments and Wheat Stone bridge.

# **UNIT III** Energy Resources, Electricity Bill & Safety Measures

**Energy Resources:** Conventional and non-conventional energy resources; Layout and operation of various Power Generation systems: Hydel & Solar power generation.

**Electricity bill:** Power rating of household appliances including air conditioners, PCs, Laptops, Printers, etc. Definition of "unit" used for consumption of electrical energy, two-part electricity tariff, calculation of electricity bill for domestic consumers.

**Equipment Safety Measures:** Working principle of Fuse and Miniature circuit breaker (MCB), merits and demerits. Personal safety measures: Electric Shock, Earthing and its types, Safety Precautions to avoid shock.

# **Textbooks:**

- 1. Basic Electrical Engineering, D. C. Kulshreshtha, Tata McGraw Hill, 2019, First Edition
- 2. Power System Engineering, P.V. Gupta, M.L. Soni, U.S. Bhatnagar and A. Chakrabarti, Dhanpat Rai & Co, 2013
- 3. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering, Rajendra Prasad, PHI publishers, 2014, Third Edition

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. Basic Electrical Engineering, D. P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath, Mc Graw Hill, 2019, Fourth Edition
- 2. Principles of Power Systems, V.K. Mehtha, S.Chand Technical Publishers, 2020
- 3. Basic Electrical Engineering, T. K. Nagsarkar and M. S. Sukhija, Oxford University Press, 2017
- 4. Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering, S. K. Bhatacharya, Person Publications, 2018. Second Edition.

# Web Resources:

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108105053
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108108076

# PART B: BASIC ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

# **Course Objectives:**

• To teach the fundamentals of semiconductor devices and its applications, principles of digital electronics.

# UNIT I SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES

Introduction - Evolution of electronics - Vacuum tubes to nano electronics - Characteristics of PN Junction Diode — Zener Effect — Zener Diode and its Characteristics. Bipolar Junction Transistor — CB, CE, CC Configurations and Characteristics — Elementary Treatment of Small Signal CE Amplifier.

# UNIT II BASIC ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS AND INSTRUMENTTAION

Rectifiers and power supplies: Block diagram description of a dc power supply, working of a full wave bridge rectifier, capacitor filter (no analysis), working of simple zener voltage regulator. Amplifiers: Block diagram of Public Address system, Circuit diagram and working of common emitter (RC coupled) amplifier with its frequency response. Electronic Instrumentation: Block diagram of an electronic instrumentation system.

# UNIT III DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

Overview of Number Systems, Logic gates including Universal Gates, BCD codes, Excess-3 code, Gray code, Hamming code. Boolean Algebra, Basic Theorems and properties of Boolean Algebra, Truth Tables and Functionality of Logic Gates – NOT, OR, AND, NOR, NAND, XOR and XNOR. Simple combinational circuits—Half and Full Adders. Introduction to sequential circuits, Flip flops, Registers and counters (Elementary Treatment only).

# **Textbooks:**

- 1. R. L. Boylestad & Louis Nashlesky, Electronic Devices & Circuit Theory, Pearson Education, 2021.
- 2. R. P. Jain, Modern Digital Electronics, 4th Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2009

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. R. S. Sedha, A Textbook of Electronic Devices and Circuits, S. Chand & Co, 2010.
- 2. Santiram Kal, Basic Electronics- Devices, Circuits and IT Fundamentals, Prentice Hall, India, 2002.
- 3. R. T. Paynter, Introductory Electronic Devices & Circuits Conventional Flow Version, Pearson Education, 2009.

| I Year-I Semester |                             |   |       |   |   |  |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|---|-------|---|---|--|
|                   | Introduction To Programming | L | T     | P | C |  |
| 23ES1T02          | g                           | 3 | 3 0 0 | 0 | 3 |  |

# **Course Objectives:**

- To introduce students to the fundamentals of computer programming.
- To provide hands-on experience with coding and debugging.
- To foster logical thinking and problem-solving skills using programming.
- To familiarize students with programming concepts such as data types, control structures, functions, and arrays.
- To encourage collaborative learning and teamwork in coding projects.

**Course Outcomes:** A student after completion of the course will be able to

**CO1:** Understand basics of computers, the concept of algorithm and algorithmic thinking.

**CO2:** Analyse a problem and develop an algorithm to solve it.

**CO3:** Implement various algorithms using the C programming language.

**CO4:** Understand more advanced features of C language.

**CO5:** Develop problem-solving skills and the ability to debug and optimize the code.

# **UNIT I** Introduction to Programming and Problem Solving

History of Computers, Basic organization of a computer: ALU, input-output units, memory, program counter, Introduction to Programming Languages, Basics of a Computer Program- Algorithms, flowcharts (Using Dia Tool), pseudo code. Introduction to Compilation and Execution, Primitive Data Types, Variables, and Constants, Basic Input and Output, Operations, Type Conversion, and Casting, Operators. Problem solving techniques: Algorithmic approach, characteristics of algorithm, Problemsolving strategies: Top-down approach, Bottom-up approach, Time and space complexities of algorithms.

# **UNIT II Control Structures**

Keywords, Storage Classes, Simple sequential programs Conditional Statements (if, if-else, switch), Loops (for, while, do-while) Break and Continue.

# **UNIT III** Arrays and Strings

Arrays indexing, memory model, programs with array of integers, two dimensional arrays, Introduction to Strings, String manipulation functions.

# **UNIT IV** Pointers & User Defined Data types

Pointers, dereferencing and address operators, pointer and address arithmetic, array manipulation using pointers, User-defined data types-Structures and Unions, Dynamic memory allocation(DMA).

# **UNIT V** Functions & File Handling

Introduction to Functions, Function Declaration and Definition, Function call Return Types and Arguments, modifying parameters inside functions using pointers, arrays as parameters. Recursive function and examples, Scopeand Lifetime of Variables, Basics of File Handling

**Note:** The syllabus is designed with C Language as the fundamental language of implementation.

# **Textbooks:**

- 1. "The C Programming Language", Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, Prentice-Hall, 1988
- 2. Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, Byron S Gottfried, McGraw-Hill Education, 1996

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. Computing fundamentals and C Programming, Balagurusamy, E., McGraw-Hill Education, 2008.
- 2. Programming in C, Rema Theraja, Oxford, 2016, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition
- 3. C Programming, A Problem Solving Approach, Forouzan, Gilberg, Prasad, CENGAGE, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition

|          | I Year-I Semester         |   |   |   |   |
|----------|---------------------------|---|---|---|---|
|          | Communicative English Lab | L | T | P | C |
| 23HM1L01 |                           | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |

The main objective of introducing this course, Communicative English Laboratory, is to expose the students to a variety of self-instructional, learner friendly modes of language learning. The students will get trained in basic communication skills and also make them ready to face job interviews.

### **Course Outcomes:**

- CO1 Understand the different aspects of the English language proficiency with emphasis on Listening and Speaking skills.
- CO2 Help the learners to improve their language skills by making small talks/ Role Plays /Short presentations (JAM) and oral presentations.
- Help the students to reduce the Mother Tongue Influence while speaking.
- CO4 Evaluate and exhibit professionalism in participating in debates and group discussions.
- Create effective resonate and prepare the students to face interviews in future.

# **List of Topics:**

- 1. Vowels & Consonants (Remedial)
- 2. Neutralization/Accent Rules
- 3. Communication Skills & JAM
- 4. Role Play or Conversational Practice
- 5. E-mail Writing, Narrating techniques for events and stories.
- 6. Resume Writing, Cover letter, SOP, arguments and floor crossing.
- 7. Group Discussions-methods & practice
- 8. Debates Methods & Practice
- 9. PPT Presentations/ Poster Presentation
- 10. Interviews Skills

### **Suggested Software:**

- Walden InfoTech
- Young India Films
- English Communications Skills Lab Software by Softx Technologies.

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Raman Meenakshi, Sangeeta-Sharma. Technical Communication. Oxford Press. 2018.
- 2. Taylor Grant: English Conversation Practice, Tata McGraw-Hill Education India, 2016
- 3. Hewing's, Martin. Cambridge Academic English (B2). CUP, 2012.
- 4. J. Sethi & P.V. Dhamija. A Course in Phonetics and Spoken English, (2<sup>nd</sup> Ed), Kindle, 2013

### Web Resources:

# **Spoken English:**

- 1. www.esl-lab.com
- 2. www.englishmedialab.com
- 3. www.englishinteractive.net
- 4. <a href="https://www.britishcouncil.in/english/online">https://www.britishcouncil.in/english/online</a>
- 5. http://www.letstalkpodcast.com/
- 6. https://www.youtube.com/c/mmmEnglish\_Emma/featured
- 7. <a href="https://www.youtube.com/c/ArnelsEverydayEnglish/featured">https://www.youtube.com/c/ArnelsEverydayEnglish/featured</a>
- 8. https://www.youtube.com/c/engvidAdam/featured
- 9. https://www.youtube.com/c/EnglishClass101/featured
- 10. https://www.youtube.com/c/SpeakEnglishWithTiffani/playlists
- 11. https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCV1h\_cBE0Drdx19qkTM0WNw

### **Voice & Accent:**

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/user/letstalkaccent/videos
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/c/EngLanguageClub/featured
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/channel/UC\_OskgZBoS4dAnVUgJVexc
- 4. <a href="https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCNfm92h83W2i2ijc5Xwp\_IA">https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCNfm92h83W2i2ijc5Xwp\_IA</a>

|            | I Year-I Semester       |   |   |   |   |
|------------|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| AAD C41 04 | Engineering Physics Lab | L | T | P | С |
| 23BS1L01   |                         | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |

To study the concepts of optical phenomenon like interference, diffraction etc., recognize the importance of energy gap in the study of conductivity and Hall effect in semiconductors and study the parameters and applications of dielectric and magnetic materials by conducting experiments.

### **Course Outcomes:** The students will be able to

- CO1: Operate optical instruments like travelling microscope and spectrometer.
- CO2: Estimate the wavelengths of different colours using diffraction grating.
- CO3: Plot the intensity of the magnetic field of circular coil carrying current with distance.
- CO4: Evaluate dielectric constant and magnetic susceptibility for dielectric and magneticmaterials respectively.
- CO5: Calculate the band gap of a given semiconductor and also Identify the type of semiconductor using Hall effect.

### **List of Experiments:**

- 1. Determination of radius of curvature of a given Plano-convex lens by Newton's rings.
- 2. Determination of wavelengths of different spectral lines in mercury spectrum using diffraction grating in normal incidence configuration.
- 3. Verification of Brewster's law
- 4. Determination of dielectric constant using charging and discharging method.
- 5. Study the variation of B versus H by magnetizing the magnetic material (B-H curve).
- 6. Determination of wavelength of Laser light using diffraction grating.
- 7. Estimation of Planck's constant using photoelectric effect.
- 8. Determination of the resistivity of semiconductors by four probe methods.
- 9. Determination of energy gap of a semiconductor using p-n junction diode.
- 10. Magnetic field along the axis of a current carrying circular coil by Stewart Gee's Method.
- 11. Determination of Hall voltage and Hall coefficient of a given semiconductor using Halleffect.
- 12. Determination of temperature coefficients of a thermistor.
- 13. Determination of acceleration due to gravity and radius of Gyration by using a compound pendulum.
- 14. Determination of magnetic susceptibility by Kundt's tube method.
- 15. Determination of rigidity modulus of the material of the given wire using Torsional pendulum.
- 16. Sonometer: Verification of laws of stretched string.
- 17. Determination of young's modulus for the given material of wooden scale by non-uniform bending (or double cantilever) method.
- 18. Determination of Frequency of electrically maintained tuning fork by

Melde'sexperiment.

**Note:** Any TEN of the listed experiments are to be conducted. Out of which any TWO experiments may be conducted in virtual mode.

### **References:**

• A Textbook of Practical Physics - S. Balasubramanian, M.N. Srinivasan, S. ChandPublishers, 2017.

### **Web Resources**

1. <u>www.vlab.co.inhttps://phet.colorado.edu/en/simulations/filter?subjects=physics&type=html,prototyp</u>

|          | I Year-I Semester                    |   |   |   |     |
|----------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|-----|
|          | Electrical & Electronics Engineering | L | T | P | C   |
| 23ES1L01 | Workshop                             | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1.5 |

To impart knowledge on the fundamental laws & theorems of electrical circuits, functions of electrical machines and energy calculations.

# **Course Outcomes:**

After competition of this course, the student will be able to

- **CO1.** Measure voltage, current and power in an electrical circuit. (L3)
- CO2. Measure of Resistance using Wheat stone bridge (L4)
- CO3. Discover critical field resistance and critical speed of DC shunt generators. (L4)
- **CO4.** Investigate the effect of reactive power and power factor in electrical loads. (L5)

### **Activities:**

- 1. Familiarization of commonly used Electrical & Electronic Workshop Tools: Bread board, Solder, cables, relays, switches, connectors, fuses, Cutter, plier, screwdriver set, wire stripper, flux, knife/blade, soldering iron, de-soldering pump etc.
  - Provide some exercises so that hardware tools and instruments are learned to be used by the students.
- Familiarization of Measuring Instruments like Voltmeters, Ammeters, multimeter, LCR-Q meter, Power Supplies, CRO, DSO, Function Generator, Frequency counter.
  - Provide some exercises so that measuring instruments are learned to be used by the students

# 3. Components:

- Familiarization/Identification of components (Resistors, Capacitors, Inductors, Diodes, transistors, IC's etc.) Functionality, type, size, colour coding package, symbol, cost etc.
- Testing of components like Resistor, Capacitor, Diode, Transistor, ICs etc. -Compare values of components like resistors, inductors, capacitors etc with the measured values by using instruments

#### PART A: ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING LAB

### **List of experiments:**

- 1. Verification of KCL and KVL
- 2. Verification of Superposition theorem
- 3. Measurement of Resistance using Wheat stone bridge
- 4. Magnetization Characteristics of DC shunt Generator
- 5. Measurement of Power and Power factor using Single-phase wattmeter
- 6. Measurement of Earth Resistance using Megger
- 7. Calculation of Electrical Energy for Domestic Premises

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Basic Electrical Engineering, D. C. Kulshreshtha, Tata McGraw Hill, 2019, First Edition
- 2. Power System Engineering, P.V. Gupta, M.L. Soni, U.S. Bhatnagar and A. Chakrabarti, Dhanpat Rai & Co, 2013
- 3. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering, Rajendra Prasad, PHI publishers, 2014, Third Edition

**Note:** Minimum Six Experiments to be performed.

### PART B: ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING LAB

### **Course Objectives:**

 To impart knowledge on the principles of digital electronics and fundamentals of electron devices & its applications.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to

CO1: Identify & testing of various eletronic components.

CO2: Understand the usage of electronic measuring instruments.

CO3: Plot and discuss the characteristics of various electron

devices. CO4: Explain the operation of a digital circuit.

### **List of Experiments:**

- 1. Plot V-I characteristics of PN Junction diode A) Forward bias B) Reverse bias.
- 2. Plot V I characteristics of Zener Diode and its application as voltage Regulator.
- 3. Implementation of half wave and full wave rectifiers
- 4. Plot Input & Output characteristics of BJT in CE and CB configurations
- 5. Frequency response of CE amplifier.
- 6. Simulation of RC coupled amplifier with the design supplied
- 7. Verification of Truth Table of AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, Ex-OR, Ex-NOR gates using ICs.

|          | I Year-I Semester        |   |   |   |     |
|----------|--------------------------|---|---|---|-----|
|          | Computer Programming Lab | L | T | P | C   |
| 23ES1L02 | •                        | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1.5 |

The course aims to give students hands – on experience and train them on the concepts of the C- Programming language.

### **Course Outcomes:**

**CO1:** Read, understand, and trace the execution of programs written in C language.CO2: Select the right control structure for solving the problem.

**CO3:** Develop C programs which utilize memory efficiently using programming constructs likepointers.

**CO4:** Develop, Debug and Execute programs to demonstrate the applications of arrays, functions, basic concepts of pointers in C.

### **UNIT I**

### WEEK 1

**Objective:** Getting familiar with the programming environment on the computer and writingthe first program.

# **Suggested Experiments/Activities:**

**Tutorial 1:** Problem-solving using Computers.

Lab1: Familiarization with programming environment

- i) Basic Linux environment and its editors like Vi, Vim & Emacs etc.
- ii) Exposure to Turbo C, gcc
- iii) Writing simple programs using printf(), scanf()

### WEEK 2

**Objective:** Getting familiar with how to formally describe a solution to a problem in a series of finite steps both using textual notation and graphic notation.

# **Suggested Experiments / Activities:**

**Tutorial 2:** Problem-solving using Algorithms and Flow charts.

Lab 1: Converting algorithms/flow charts into C Source code.

Developing the algorithms/flowcharts for the following sample programs

- i) Sum and average of 3 numbers
- ii) Conversion of Fahrenheit to Celsius and vice versa
- iii) Simple interest calculation

### WEEK 3

Objective: Learn how to define variables with the desired data-type, initialize them with appropriate values and how arithmetic operators can be used with variables and constants.

# **Suggested Experiments/Activities:**

**Tutorial 3:** Variable types and type conversions:

Lab 3: Simple computational problems using arithmetic expressions.

- i) Finding the square root of a given number
- ii) Finding compound interest
- iii) Area of a triangle using heron's formulae
- iv) Distance travelled by an object

### **UNIT II**

### WEEK 4

**Objective:** Explore the full scope of expressions, type-compatibility of variables & constants and operators used in the expression and how operator precedence works.

Tutorial4: Operators and the precedence and as associativity:

Lab4: Simple computational problems using the operator' precedence and associativity

- i) Evaluate the following expressions.
  - a. A+B\*C+(D\*E) + F\*G
  - b. A/B\*C-B+A\*D/3
  - c. A+++B---A
  - d. J=(i++)+(++i)
- ii) Find the maximum of three numbers using conditional operator
- iii) Take marks of 5 subjects in integers, and find the total, average in float

### WEEK 5

**Objective:** Explore the full scope of different variants of "if construct" namely if-else, null- else, if-else if\*-else, switch and nested-if including in what scenario each one of them can be used and how to use them. Explore all relational and logical operators while writing conditionals for "if construct".

### **Suggested Experiments/Activities:**

**Tutorial 5:** Branching and logical expressions:

Lab 5: Problems involving if-then-else structures.

- i) Write a C program to find the max and min of four numbers using if-else.
- ii) Write a C program to generate electricity bill.
- iii) Find the roots of the quadratic equation.
- iv) Write a C program to simulate a calculator using switch case.
- v) Write a C program to find the given year is a leap year or not.

### WEEK 6

**Objective:** Explore the full scope of iterative constructs namely while loop, do-while loop and for loop in addition to structured jump constructs like break and continue including when each of these statements is more appropriate to use.

# **Suggested Experiments/Activities:**

**Tutorial 6:** Loops, while and for loops

Lab 6: Iterative problems e.g., the sum of series

- i) Find the factorial of given number using any loop.
- ii) Find the given number is a prime or not.
- iii) Compute sine and cos series
- iv) Checking a number palindrome

v) Construct a pyramid of numbers.

### UNIT III

# **WEEK7:**

**Objective:** Explore the full scope of Arrays construct namely defining and initializing 1-D and 2-D and more generically n-D arrays and referencing individual array elements from the defined array. Using integer 1-D arrays, explore search solution linear search.

### **Suggested Experiments/Activities:**

Tutorial 7: 1 D Arrays: searching.

Lab 7:1D Array manipulation, linear search

- i) Find the min and max of a 1-D integer array.
- ii) Perform linear search on 1D array.
- iii) The reverse of a 1D integer array
- iv) Find 2's complement of the given binary number.
- v) Eliminate duplicate elements in an array.

### **WEEK 8:**

**Objective:** Explore the difference between other arrays and character arrays that can be used as Strings by using null character and get comfortable with string by doing experiments that will reverse a string and concatenate two strings. Explore sorting solution bubble sort using integer arrays.

# **Suggested Experiments/Activities:**

Tutorial 8: 2 D arrays, sorting and Strings.

Lab 8: Matrix problems, String operations, Bubble sort

- i) Addition of two matrices
- ii) Multiplication two matrices
- iii) Sort array elements using bubble sort
- iv) Concatenate two strings without built-in functions
- v) Reverse a string using built-in and without built-in string functions

# **UNIT IV**

### WEEK9:

**Objective:** Explore pointers to manage a dynamic array of integers, including memory allocation & amp; value initialization, resizing changing and reordering the contents of an array and memory de-allocation using malloc (), calloc (), realloc () and free () functions. Gainexperience processing command-line arguments received by C.

# **Suggested Experiments/Activities:**

Tutorial 9: Pointers, structures and dynamic memory allocation

**Lab 9:** Pointers and structures, memory dereference.

- i) Write a C program to find the sum of a 1D array using malloc()
- ii) Write a C program to find the total, average of n students using structures
- iii) Enter n students data using calloc() and display failed students list
- iv) Read student name and marks from the command line and display the student details alongwith the total.
- v) Write a C program to implement realloc()

# **WEEK 10:**

**Objective:** Experiment with C Structures, Unions, bit fields and self-referential structures(Singly linked lists) and nested structures

# **Suggested Experiments/Activities:**

Tutorial 10: Bitfields, Self-Referential Structures, Linked lists

Lab10: Bitfields, linked lists

Read and print a date using dd/mm/yyyy format using bit-fields and differentiate the same without using bit-fields

- i) Create and display a singly linked list using self-referential structure.
- ii) Demonstrate the differences between structures and unions using a C program.
- iii) Write a C program to shift/rotate using bitfields.
- iv) Write a C program to copy one structure variable to another structure of the same type.

# **UNIT**

# VWEEK11:

**Objective:** Explore the Functions, sub-routines, scope and extent of variables, doing some experiments by parameter passing using call by value. Basic methods of numerical integration

# **Suggested Experiments/Activities:**

**Tutorial 11:** Functions, call by value, scope and extent,

**Lab 11:** Simple functions using call by value, solving differential equations using Eulerstheorem.

- i) Write a C function to calculate NCR value.
- ii) Write a C function to find the length of a string.
- iii) Write a C function to transpose of a matrix.

Write a C function to demonstrate numerical integration of differential equations using Euler's method

### **WEEK 12:**

**Objective:** Explore how recursive solutions can be programmed by writing recursive functions that can be invoked from the main by programming at-least five distinct problems that have naturally recursive solutions.

# **Suggested Experiments/Activities:**

**Tutorial 12:** Recursion, the structure of recursive calls

Lab 12: Recursive functions

- i) Write a recursive function to generate Fibonacci series.
- ii) Write a recursive function to find the lcm of two numbers.
- iii) Write a recursive function to find the factorial of a number.
- iv) Write a C Program to implement Ackermann function using recursion.
- v) Write a recursive function to find the sum of series.

# **WEEK 13:**

**Objective:** Explore the basic difference between normal and pointer variables,

Arithmeticoperations using pointers and passing variables to functions using pointers

# **Suggested Experiments/Activities:**

**Tutorial 13:** Call by reference, dangling pointers

**Lab 13:** Simple functions using Call by reference, Dangling pointers.

- i) Write a C program to swap two numbers using call by reference.
- ii) Demonstrate Dangling pointer problem using a C program.
- iii) Write a C program to copy one string into another using pointer.
- iv) Write a C program to find no of lowercase, uppercase, digits and othercharacters using pointers.

# **WEEK14:**

**Objective:** To understand data files and file handling with various file I/O functions. Explore the differences between text and binary files.

### **Suggested Experiments/Activities:**

Tutorial 14: File handling

**Lab 14:** File operations

- i) Write a C program to write and read text into a file.
- ii) Write a C program to write and read text into a binary file using fread() andfwrite()
- iii) Copy the contents of one file to another file.
- iv) Write a C program to merge two files into the third file using command-linearguments.
- v) Find no. of lines, words and characters in a file
- vi) Write a C program to print last n characters of a given file.

# **Textbooks:**

- 1. Ajay Mittal, Programming in C: A practical approach, Pearson.
- 2. Byron Gottfried, Schaum' s Outline of Programming with C, McGraw Hill

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, Prentice-Hall of India
- 2. C Programming, A Problem-Solving Approach, Forouzan, Gilberg, Prasad, CENGAGE

|          | I Year-I Semester                    |   |   |   |     |
|----------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|-----|
|          |                                      | L | T | P | C   |
| 23HM1L02 | Health and Wellness, Yoga and Sports | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 |

The main objective of introducing this course is to make the students maintain their mental and physical wellness by balancing emotions in their life. It mainly enhances the essential traits required for the development of the personality.

**Course Outcomes:** After completion of the course the student will be able to

**CO1**: Understand the importance of yoga and sports for Physical fitness and sound health.

**CO2:** Demonstrate an understanding of health-related fitness components.

**CO3:** Compare and contrast various activities that help enhance their health.

**CO4:** Assess current personal fitness levels.

**CO5:** Develop Positive Personality

### UNIT I

Concept of health and fitness, Nutrition and Balanced diet, basic concept of immunity Relationship between diet and fitness, Globalization and its impact on health, Body Mass Index(BMI) of all age groups.

### **Activities:**

- i) Organizing health awareness programmes in community
- ii) Preparation of health profile
- iii) Preparation of chart for balance diet for all age groups

### UNIT II

Concept of yoga, need for and importance of yoga, origin and history of yoga in Indian context, classification of yoga, Physiological effects of Asanas- Pranayama and meditation, stress management and yoga, Mental health and yoga practice.

#### **Activities:**

Yoga practices – Asana, Kriya, Mudra, Bandha, Dhyana, Surya Namaskar

### UNIT III

Concept of Sports and fitness, importance, fitness components, history of sports, Ancient and Modern Olympics, Asian games and Commonwealth games.

### **Activities:**

i) Participation in one major game and one individual sport viz., Athletics, Volleyball,

Basketball, Handball, Football, Badminton, Kabaddi, Kho-kho, Table tennis, Cricket etc.

Practicing general and specific warm up, aerobics

ii) Practicing cardio respiratory fitness, treadmill, run test, 9 min walk, skipping and running.

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Gordon Edlin, Eric Golanty. Health and Wellness, 14th Edn. Jones & Bartlett Learning, 2022
- 2. T.K.V.Desikachar. The Heart of Yoga: Developing a Personal Practice
- 3. Archie J.Bahm. Yoga Sutras of Patanjali, Jain Publishing Company, 1993
- 4. Wiseman, John Lofty, SAS Survival Handbook: The Ultimate Guide to Surviving Anywhere Third Edition, William Morrow Paperbacks, 2014
- 5. The Sports Rules Book/ Human Kinetics with Thomas Hanlon. -- 3rd ed. HumanKinetics, Inc.2014

### **General Guidelines:**

- 1. Institutes must assign slots in the Timetable for the activities of Health/Sports/Yoga.
- **2.** Institutes must provide field/facility and offer the minimum of five choices of as manyas Games/Sports.
- **3.** Institutes are required to provide sports instructor / yoga teacher to mentor the students.

### **Evaluation Guidelines:**

- Evaluated for a total of 100 marks.
- A student can select 6 activities of his/her choice with a minimum of 01 activity per unit. Each activity shall be evaluated by the concerned teacher for 15 marks, totalling to 90 marks.
- A student shall be evaluated by the concerned teacher for 10 marks by conducting vivavoce on the subject.

# I- B.Tech- II Semester

|          | I Year-II Semester |   |   |   |   |
|----------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|
|          |                    | L | T | P | C |
| 23BS2T03 | Chemistry          | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

# **Course Objectives:**

- To familiarize engineering chemistry and its applications
- To train the students on the principles and applications of electrochemistry and polymers

# **Course Outcomes:**

CO1: Apply the principle of Band diagrams in the application of conductors and semiconductors

**CO2:** Utilize the theory of Construction of electrodes, batteries and fuel cells in redesigning new engineering products

**CO3:** Summerize the importance of engineering materials like nano materials.

**CO4:** Explain the preparation, properties, and applications of thermoplastics & thermosetting &elastomers conducting polymers

**CO5:** Summarize the concepts of Instrumental methods

### **Unit-I Structure and Bonding Models:**

Fundamentals of Quantum mechanics, Schrodinger Wave equation, significance of  $\Psi$  and  $\Psi^2$ , particle in one dimensional box, molecular orbital theory – bonding in homo- and hetero – nuclear diatomic molecules – energy level diagrams of  $O_2$  and CO, etc.  $\pi$ -molecular orbital's of butadiene and benzene, calculation of bond order.

# **Unit-II** Modern Engineering materials

**Semiconductors** – Introduction, basic concept, applications (N-type& P-type)

**Super conductors**-Introduction basic concept, applications.(Type I& Type II )

**Super capacitors:** Introduction, Basic Concept, Classification, Applicatitions.

**Nano materials:** Introduction, classification, properties and applications of Fullerenes, carbon nano tubes and Graphines nanoparticles.

# **Unit-III Electrochemistry and Applications**

Electrochemical cell, Nernst equation, cell potential calculations and numerical problems, potentiometry - potentiometric titrations (redox titrations), concept of conductivity, conductivity cell, conductometric titrations (acid-base titrations).

Electrochemical sensors – potentiometric sensors with examples, amperometric sensors with examples. Primary cells – Zinc-air battery, Secondary cells –lithium-ion batteries- working of the batteries including cell reactions; Fuel cells, hydrogen- oxygen fuel cell– working of the cells. Polymer Electrolyte Membrane Fuel cells (PEMFC).

# **Unit-IV Polymer Chemistry**

Introduction to polymers, functionality of monomers, chain growth and step growth polymerization, coordination polymerization, with specific examples and mechanisms of polymer formation.

**Plastics** –Thermo and Thermosetting plastics, Preparation, properties and applications of – PVC, Teflon, Bakelite, Nylon-6,6, carbon fibres.

**Elastomers**– Buna-S, Buna-N–preparation, properties and applications.

**Conducting polymers** – poly acetylene , poly aniline, – mechanism of conduction and applications. Bio -Degradable polymers - Poly Glycolic Acid (PGA), Poly Lactic Acid (PLA).

# Unit V Instrumental Methods and Applications

Electromagnetic spectrum. Absorption of radiation: Beer-Lambert's law. UV-Visible Spectroscopy, electronic transition, Instrumentation, IR spectroscopies, fundamental modes and selection rules, Instrumentation. Chromatography-Basic Principle, Classification-HPLC: Principle, Instrumentation and Applications.

### **Textbooks:**

- 1. Jain and Jain, Engineering Chemistry, 16/e, Dhanpat Rai, 2013.
- 2. Peter Atkins, Julio de Paula and James Keeler, Atkins' Physical Chemistry, 10/e, Oxford University Press, 2010.

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Skoog and West, Principles of Instrumental Analysis, 6/e, Thomson, 2007.
- 2. J.D. Lee, Concise Inorganic Chemistry, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wiley Publications, Feb.2008
- 3. Textbook of Polymer Science, Fred W. Billmayer Jr, 3rd. Edition
- 4. Prasanta Rath Engineering Chemistry, CENGAGE Learning
- Shikha Agarwal , Engineering Chemistry Fundamentals and Applications, Cambridge 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition

|          | I Year-II Semester                       |   |   |   |   |
|----------|--|---|---|---|---|
|          |  | L | T | P | C |
| 23BS2T04 | Differential Equations & Vector Calculus | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

- To enlighten the learners in the concept of differential equations and multivariable calculus.
- To furnish the learners with basic concepts and techniques at plus two level to leadthem into advanced level by handling various real-world applications.

# Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to:

- **CO1:** Solve the linear differential equations and model various situations involving differential equations of first order.
- CO2: Solve linear differential equations of higher order and model various situations involving second order differential equations.
- CO3: Identify the techniques to form and solve the Partial Differential Equations
- **CO4:** Interpret the physical meaning of different operators such as gradient, curl and divergence.
- CO5: Estimate the work done against a field, circulation and flux using vector calculus.

# **UNIT I:** Differential equations of first order and first degree (10 Periods) :

Linear differential equations – Bernoulli's equations- Exact equations and equations reducible to exact form. Applications: Newton's Law of cooling – Law of natural growth and decay- Electrical circuits.

# UNIT II: Linear differential equations of higher order with constant coefficients (10 Periods):

Definitions, homogenous and non-homogenous Differential Equations, complimentary function, particular integral, general solution, Wronskian, Method of variation of parameters. Simultaneous linear equations, Applications to L-C-R Circuit problems and Simple Harmonic motion.

# **UNIT III:** Partial Differential Equations (10 Periods):

Introduction and Formation of Partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions, Solutions of first order linear equations using Lagrange's method. Higher order Homogeneous Linear Partial differential equations with constant coefficients-RHS terms of the type  $e^{ax+by}$ ,  $\sin(ax+by)$ ,  $\cos(ax+by)$  and  $x^my^n$ .

# **UNIT IV:** Vector differentiation (10 Periods):

Scalar and vector point functions, vector operator Del, Del applies to scalar point functions-Gradient, Directional derivative, del applied to vector point functions-Divergence and Curl, Irrotational vector and its scalar potential, vector identities

# **UNIT V: Vector integration (10 Periods):**

Line integral-circulation-work done, surface integral-flux, volume integral, Divergence theorem (without proof), Green's theorem in the plane(without proof), Stoke's theorem (without proof) and related problems.

# **Textbooks:**

- 1. Higher Engineering Mathematics, B. S. Grewal, Khanna Publishers, 2017, 44th Edition
- 2. Higher Engineering Mathematics, B. V. Ramana, , McGraw Hill Education, 2017

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Erwin Kreyszig, John Wiley & Sons, 2018,10thEdition.
- 2. Thomas Calculus, George B. Thomas, Maurice D. Weir and Joel Hass, PearsonPublishers, 2018, 14th Edition.
- 3. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Dennis G. Zill and Warren S. Wright, Jonesand Bartlett, 2018.
- 4. Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics, Glyn James, Pearson publishers, 2018, 5th Edition.
- 5. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, R. K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, Alpha Science International Ltd., 2021 5th Edition (9th reprint).

|          | I Year-II Semester                     |   |   |   |   |
|----------|--|---|---|---|---|
|          |  | L | T | P | C |
| 23ES2T03 | Basic Civil and Mechanical Engineering | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

- Get familiarized with the scope and importance of Civil Engineering subdivisions.
- Introduce the preliminary concepts of surveying.
- Acquire preliminary knowledge on Transportation and its importance in nation's economy.
- Get familiarized with the importance of quality, conveyance and storage of water.
- Introduction to basic civil engineering materials and construction techniques.

**Course Outcomes:** On completion of the course, the student should be able to:

- **CO1:** Understand various sub-divisions of Civil Engineering and to appreciate their role in ensuring better society.
- **CO2:** Know the concepts of surveying and to understand the measurement of distances, angles and levels through surveying.
- **CO3:** Realize the importance of Transportation in nation's economy and the engineering measures related to Transportation.
- **CO4:** Understand the importance of Water Storage and Conveyance Structures so that the social responsibilities of water conservation will be appreciated.
- **CO5:** Understand the basic characteristics of Civil Engineering Materials and attain knowledge on prefabricated technology.

### **UNIT I**

**Basics of Civil Engineering:** Role of Civil Engineers in Society- Various Disciplines of Civil Engineering- Structural Engineering- Geo-technical Engineering- Transportation Engineering - Hydraulics and Water Resources Engineering - Environmental Engineering- Scope of each discipline - Building Construction and Planning- Construction Materials-Cement - Aggregate - Bricks- Cement concrete- Steel. Introduction to Prefabricated construction Techniques.

### **UNIT II**

**Surveying:** Objectives of Surveying- Horizontal Measurements- Angular Measurements- Geotechnical engineering: Formation of soil, three phase system of soil, basic definitions.

# **UNIT III**

Transportation Engineering Importance of Transportation in Nation's economic development-

Types of Highway Pavements- Flexible Pavements and Rigid Pavements - Simple Differences. Basics of Harbour, Tunnel, Airport, and Railway Engineering.

Water Resources and Environmental Engineering: Introduction, Sources of water- Quality of water- Specifications- Introduction to Hydrology–Rainwater Harvesting-Water Storage and Conveyance Structures (Simple introduction to Dams and Reservoirs).

### **Textbooks:**

Basic Civil Engineering, M. S. Palanisamy, , Tata Mc graw Hill publications (India) Pvt. Ltd. Fourth Edition.

Introduction to Civil Engineering, S.S. Bhavikatti, New Age International Publishers. 2022. First Edition.

Basic Civil Engineering, Satheesh Gopi, Pearson Publications, 2009, First Edition.

### **Reference Books:**

Surveying, Vol- I and Vol-II, S.K. Duggal, Tata McGraw Hill Publishers 2019. Fifth Edition.

Hydrology and Water Resources Engineering, Santosh Kumar Garg, Khanna Publishers, Delhi. 2016

Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures - Santosh Kumar Garg, Khanna Publishers, Delhi 2023. 38th Edition.

Highway Engineering, S.K.Khanna, C.E.G. Justo and Veeraraghavan, Nemchand and Brothers Publications 2019. 10th Edition.

Indian Standard DRINKING WATER — SPECIFICATION IS 10500-2012.

### PART B: BASIC MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

# **Course Objectives:**

The students after completing the course are expected to

- Get familiarized with the scope and importance of Mechanical Engineering in different sectors and industries.
- Explain different engineering materials and different manufacturing processes.
- Provide an overview of different thermal and mechanical transmission systems and introduce basics of robotics and its applications.

**Course Outcomes:** On completion of the course, the student should be able to

CO1: Understand the different manufacturing processes.

**CO2:** Explain the basics of thermal engineering and its applications.

**CO3:** Describe the working of different mechanical power transmission systems and power plants.

**CO4:** Describe the basics of robotics and its applications.

# **UNIT I**

**Introduction to Mechanical Engineering:** Role of Mechanical Engineering in Industries and Society- Technologies in different sectors such as Energy, Manufacturing, Automotive, Aerospace, and Marine sectors.

**Engineering Materials -** Metals-Ferrous and Non-ferrous, Ceramics, Composites, Smart materials.

# **UNIT II**

**Manufacturing Processes:** Principles of Casting, Forming, joining processes, Machining, Introduction to CNC machines, 3D printing, and Smart manufacturing.

**Thermal Engineering** – Working principle of Boilers, Otto cycle, Diesel cycle, Refrigeration and air-conditioning cycles, IC engines, 2-Stroke and 4-Stroke engines, SI/CI Engines, Components of Electric and Hybrid Vehicles.

### **UNIT III**

**Power plants** – Working principle of Steam, Diesel, Hydro, Nuclear power plants.

**Mechanical Power Transmission -** Belt Drives, Chain, Rope drives, Gear Drives and their applications.

Introduction to Robotics - Joints & links, configurations, and applications of robotics.

(Note: The subject covers only the basic principles of Civil and Mechanical Engineering systems. The evaluation shall be intended to test only the fundamentals of the subject.)

### **Textbooks:**

Internal Combustion Engines by V.Ganesan, By Tata McGraw Hill publications (India) Pvt. Ltd.

A text book of Theory of Machines by S.S. Rattan, Tata McGraw Hill Publications, (India) Pvt. Ltd.

An introduction to Mechanical Engg by Jonathan Wicker and Kemper Lewis, Cengage learning India Pvt. Ltd.

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. G. Shanmugam and M.S.Palanisamy, Basic Civil and the Mechanical Engineering, Tata McGraw Hill publications (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Thermal Engineering by Mahesh M Rathore Tata McGraw Hill publications (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. 3D printing & Additive Manufacturing Technology- L. Jyothish Kumar, Pulak M Pandey, Springer publications
- 4. Appuu Kuttan KK, Robotics, I.K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. Volume-I

|          | I Year-II Semester          |   |   |   |   |
|----------|-----------------------------|---|---|---|---|
|          |                             | L | T | P | C |
| 23ES2T04 | <b>Engineering Graphics</b> | 1 | 0 | 4 | 3 |

To enable the students with various concepts like dimensioning, conventions and standards related to Engineering Drawing

To impart knowledge on the projection of points, lines and plane surfaces

To improve the visualization skills for better understanding of projection of solids

To develop the imaginative skills of the students required to understand Section of solids and Developments of surfaces.

To make the students understand the viewing perception of a solid object in Isometric and Perspective projection

# **Course Outcomes:**

**CO1:** Understand the principles of engineering drawing, including engineering curves, scales, orthographic and isometric projections.

CO2: Draw and interpret orthographic projections of points, lines, planes and solids in front, top and side views

CO3: Understand and draw projection of solids in various positions in first quadrant.

**CO4:** Explain principles behind development of surfaces.

**CO5:** Prepare isometric and perspective sections of simple solids.

### UNIT I

**Introduction:** Lines, Lettering and Dimensioning, Geometrical Constructions and Constructing regular polygons by general methods.

**Curves:** construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by general, Cycloids, Involutes, Normal and tangent to Curves.

**Scales:** Plain scales, diagonal scales and vernier scales.

### **UNIT II**

**Orthographic Projections**: Reference plane, importance of reference lines or Plane, Projections of a point situated in any one of the four quadrants.

**Projections of Straight Lines:** Projections of straight lines parallel to both reference planes, perpendicular to or reference plane and parallel to other reference plane, inclined to one reference plane and parallel to the other reference plane. Projections of Straight Line Inclined to both the reference planes

**Projections of Planes:** regular planes Perpendicular to both reference planes, parallel to one reference plane and inclined to the other reference plane; plane inclined to both the reference planes.

# **UNIT III**

**Projections of Solids:** Types of solids: Polyhedra and Solids of revolution. Projections of solids in simple positions:

Axis perpendicular to horizontal plane, Axis perpendicular to vertical plane and Axis parallel to both the reference

planes, Projection of Solids with axis inclined to one reference plane and parallel to another plane.

# **UNIT IV**

**Sections of Solids:** Perpendicular and inclined section planes, Sectional views and True shape of section, Section of solids in simple position only.

**Development of Surfaces:** Methods of Development: Parallel line development and radial line development. Development of a cube, prism, cylinder, pyramid and cone.

### UNIT V

**Conversion of Views**: Conversion of isometric views to orthographic views; Conversion of orthographic views to isometric views.

**Computer graphics**: Creating 2D&3D drawing of objects including PCB and Transformations using Auto CAD (Not for end examination).

### **Textbook:**

1.N. D. Bhatt, Engineering Drawing, Charotar Publishing House, 2016.

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. Engineering Drawing, K.L. Narayana and P. Kannaiah, Tata McGraw Hill, 2013.
- 2. Engineering Drawing, M.B.Shah and B.C. Rana, Pearson Education Inc,2009.
- 3. Engineering Drawing with an Introduction to AutoCAD, Dhananjay Jolhe, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.

|          | I Year-II Semester      |   |   |   |   |
|----------|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|
|          |                         | L | T | P | C |
| 23EE2T02 | <b>Network Analysis</b> | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

- To introduce basic laws, mesh & nodal analysis techniques for solving electrical circuits
- Toimpartknowledgeonapplyingappropriatetheoremforelectricalcircuitanalysis
- To explain transient behavior of circuits in time and frequency domains
- To teach concepts of resonance
- Tointroduceopencircuit, shortcircuit, transmission, hybrid parameters and their interrelationship

### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to

CO1: Solve basic electrical circuits with nodal and mesh analysis.

**CO2:** Analyze the circuit using network simplification theorems.

**CO3:** Find Transient response and Steady state response of a network. Analyze electrical networks in the Laplace domain.

**CO4:** Analyze the importance of Q factor in resonance circuits. Apply coupled circuits concepts in solving magnetic coupled circuits.

**CO5:** Compute the parameters of a two-port network and their interrelationship

### UNITI

Types of circuit components, Types of Sources and Source Transformations, Mesh analysis and Nodal analysis, problem solving with resistances only including dependent sources also. Principal of Duality with examples.

Network Theorems: Thevenin's, Norton's, Reciprocity, Superposition, MaxPowerTransfer, problem solving using dependent sources also.

### **UNITII**

Steady State Analysis of A.C Circuits: Impedance concept, phase angle, series R-L, R-C, R-L-C circuits problem solving. Complex impedance and phasor notation for R-L, R-C, R-L-Cproblem solving using mesh and nodal analysis, Star-Delta conversion.

### UNITIII

Transients: First order differential equations, Definition of time constants, R-L circuit, R-C circuit with DC excitation, evaluating initial conditions procedure, second order differential equations, homogeneous, non-homogeneous, problem-solving using R-L-C elements with DC excitation and AC excitation, Response as related to s-plane rotation of roots.

Laplace transform: introduction, Laplace transformation, basic theorems, problem solving using Laplace transform, partial fraction expansion, Heaviside's expansions, problem solving using Laplace transform.

### UNITIV

Resonance: Introduction, Definition of Q, Series resonance, Bandwidth of series resonance, Parallel resonance.

Coupled Circuits: Coupled Circuits: Self- inductance, Mutual inductance, Coefficient of coupling, analysis of coupled circuits, Natural current, Dot rule of coupled circuits, conductively coupled equivalent circuits-problem solving.

### **UNITV**

Two-portNetworks: Relationshipoftwoportnetworks, Z-parameters, Y-parameters, Transmission line parameters, h- parameters, Relationships Between parameter Sets, Parallel& series connection of two port networks, cascading of two port networks, problem solving using dependent sources also.

### **Textbooks:**

- 1. NetworkAnalysis-MEVanValkenburg,PrenticeHallofIndia,revised3rdEdition,2019.
- 2. EngineeringCircuitAnalysisbyWilliamH.Hayt,JackKemmerly,JamiePhillips,StevenM. Durbin, 9<sup>th</sup>Edition 2020.
- 3. Network lines and Fields by John. D.Ryder2<sup>nd</sup>Edition,PHI
- 4. Network Analysis and Synthesis by Ravish R Singh, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education.

### ReferenceBooks:

- 1. D.RoyChoudhury, NetworksandSystems, NewAgeInternationalPublications, 2013.
- 2. Joseph Edminister and Mahmood Nahvi, Electric Circuits, Schaum's Outline Series,7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGrawHill PublishingCompany, NewDelhi, 2017
- 3. FundamentalsofElectricCircuitsbyCharlesK.AlexanderandMatthewN.O.Sadiku,McGraw-HillEducation.

|          | I Year-II Semester |   |   |   |   |
|----------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|
|          |                    | L | T | P | C |
| 23ES2L03 | IT Workshop        | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |

- To introduce the internal parts of a computer, peripherals, I/O ports, connecting cables
- To demonstrate configuring the system as Dual boot both Windows and other OperatingSystems Viz. Linux, BOSS
- To teach basic command line interface commands on Linux.
- To teach the usage of Internet for productivity and self-paced life-long learning
- To introduce Compression, Multimedia and Antivirus tools and Office Tools such as Word processors, spread sheets and Presentation tools.

### **Course Outcomes:**

**CO1:** Perform Hardware troubleshooting.

**CO2:** Understand Hardware components and inter dependencies.

**CO3:** Safeguard computer systems from viruses/worms.

**CO4:** Document/ Presentation preparation.

**CO5:** Perform calculations using spreadsheets.

### PC Hardware & Software Installation

**Task 1:** Identify the peripherals of a computer, components in a CPU and its functions. Draw the block diagram of the CPU along with the configuration of each peripheral and submit to your instructor.

**Task 2:** Every student should disassemble and assemble the PC back to working condition. Labinstructors should verify the work and follow it up with a Viva. Also students need to go throughthe video which shows the process of assembling a PC. A video would be given as part of the course content.

**Task 3**: Every student should individually install MS windows on the personal computer. Labinstructor should verify the installation and follow it up with a Viva.

**Task 4:** Every student should install Linux on the computer. This computer should have windows installed. The system should be configured as dual boot (VMWare) with both Windows and Linux. Lab instructors should verify the installation and follow it up with a Viva

**Task 5:** Every student should install BOSS on the computer. The system should be configured as dual boot (VMWare) with both Windows and BOSS. Lab instructors should verify the installation and follow it up with a Viva

#### **Internet & World Wide Web**

**Task1:** Orientation & Connectivity Boot Camp: Students should get connected to their Local Area Network and access the Internet. In the process they configure the TCP/IP setting. Finally students should demonstrate, to the instructor, how to access the websites and email. If there is no internet connectivity preparations need to be made by the instructors to simulate the WWW on the LAN

**Task 2:** Web Browsers, Surfing the Web: Students customize their web browsers with the LAN proxy settings, bookmarks, search toolbars and pop up blockers. Also, plug-ins like Macromedia Flash and JRE for applets should be configured.

**Task 3**: Search Engines & Netiquette: Students should know what search engines are and howto use the search engines. A few topics would be given to the students for which they need to search on Google. This should be demonstrated to the instructors by the student.

**Task 4:** Cyber Hygiene: Students would be exposed to the various threats on the internet and would be asked to configure their computer to be safe on the internet. They need to customize their browsers to block pop ups, block active x downloads to avoid viruses and/or worms.

### LaTeX and WORD

**Task 1** – Word Orientation: The mentor needs to give an overview of La TeX and Microsoft (MS) office or equivalent (FOSS) tool word: Importance of La TeX and MS office or equivalent (FOSS) tool Word as word Processors, Details of the four tasks and features that would be covered in each, Using La TeXand word – Accessing, overview of toolbars, saving files, Usinghelp and resources, rulers, format painter in word.

**Task 2:** Using La TeX and Word to create a project certificate. Features to be covered:-Formatting Fonts in word, Drop Cap in word, Applying Text effects, Using Character Spacing, Borders and Colors, Inserting Header and Footer, Using Date and Time option in both La TeXand Word.

**Task 3:** Creating project abstract Features to be covered:-Formatting Styles, Inserting table, Bullets and Numbering, Changing Text Direction, Cell alignment, Footnote, Hyperlink, Symbols, Spell Check, Track Changes.

**Task 4:** Creating a Newsletter: Features to be covered:- Table of Content, Newspaper columns, Images from files and clipart, Drawing toolbar and Word Art, Formatting Images, Textboxes, Paragraphs and Mail Merge in word.

### **EXCEL**

**Excel Orientation:** The mentor needs to tell the importance of MS office or equivalent (FOSS)tool Excel as a Spreadsheet tool, give the details of the four tasks and features that would be covered in each. Using Excel – Accessing, overview of toolbars, saving excel files, Using helpand resources.

**Task 1:** Creating a Scheduler - Features to be covered: Gridlines, Format Cells, Summation, auto fill, Formatting Text.

**Task 2:** Calculating GPA -. Features to be covered:- Cell Referencing, Formulae in excel – average, std. deviation, Charts, Renaming and Inserting worksheets, Hyper linking, Count function,

### LOOKUP/VLOOKUP

**Task 3**: Split cells, freeze panes, group and outline, Sorting, Boolean and logical operators, Conditional formatting

### **POWER POINT**

**Task 1:** Students will be working on basic power point utilities and tools which help them create basic power point presentations. PPT Orientation, Slide Layouts, Inserting Text, Word Art, Formatting Text, Bullets and Numbering, Auto Shapes, Lines and Arrows in PowerPoint.

**Task 2:** Interactive presentations - Hyperlinks, Inserting –Images, Clip Art, Audio, Video, Objects, Tables and Charts.

**Task 3:** Master Layouts (slide, template, and notes), Types of views (basic, presentation, slide slotter, notes etc), and Inserting – Background, textures, Design Templates, Hidden slides.

#### AI TOOLS - ChatGPT

**Task 1:** Prompt Engineering: Experiment with different types of prompts to see how the model responds. Try asking questions, starting conversations, or even providing incomplete sentences to see how the model completes them.

• Ex: Prompt: "You are a knowledgeable AI. Please answer the following question: Whatis the capital of France?"

**Task 2:** Creative Writing: Use the model as a writing assistant. Provide the beginning of a storyor a description of a scene, and let the model generate the rest of the content. This can be a funway to brainstorm creative ideas

• Ex: Prompt: "In a world where gravity suddenly stopped working, people started floating upwards. Write a story about how society adapted to this new reality."

**Task 3:** Language Translation: Experiment with translation tasks by providing a sentence in one language and asking the model to translate it into another language. Compare the output tosee how accurate and fluent the translations are.

• Ex:Prompt: "Translate the following English sentence to French: 'Hello, how are you doing today?'"

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. Comdex Information Technology course tool kit, Vikas Gupta, WILEY Dream tech, 2003
- 2. The Complete Computer upgrade and repair book, Cheryl A Schmidt, WILEY Dream tech, 2013, 3rd edition
- 3. Introduction to Information Technology, ITL Education Solutions limited, Pearson Education, 2012, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition
- 4. PC Hardware A Handbook, Kate J. Chase, PHI (Microsoft)
- 5. LaTeX Companion, Leslie Lamport, PHI/Pearson.
- 6. IT Essentials PC Hardware and Software Companion Guide, David Anfins on and Ken Quamme. CISCO Press, Pearson Education, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition
- 7. IT Essentials PC Hardware and Software Labs and Study Guide, Patrick Regan—CISCOPress, Pearson Education, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition.

|          | I Year-II Semester |   |   |   |   |
|----------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|
|          |                    | L | T | P | C |
| 23BS2L02 | Chemistry Lab      | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |

Verify the fundamental concepts with experiments.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, student will be able to:

- **CO1:** Determine the cell constant and conductance of solutions
- **CO2:** Prepare advanced polymer Bakelite materials.
- **CO3:** Measure the strength of an acid present in secondary batteries.
- **CO4:** Analyse the IR spectra of some organic compounds
- **CO5:** Calculate strength of acid in Pb -Acid battery.

# **List of Experiments:**

- 1. Measurement of 10Dq by spectro photometric method
- 2. Conductometric titration of strong acid vs. strong base
- 3. Conductometric titration of weak acid vs. strong base
- 4. Determination of cell constant and conductance of solutions
- 5. Potentiometer determination of redox potentials and emfs
- 6. Determination of Strength of an acid in Pb-Acid battery
- 7. Preparation of a Bakelite
- 8. Verify Lambert-Beer's law
- 9. Wavelength measurement of sample through UV-Visible Spectroscopy
- 10. Identification of simple organic compounds by IR
- 11. Preparation of nonmaterial's by precipitation method
- 12. Estimation of Ferrous Iron by Dichrometry
- 13. Determination of Hardness of a ground water sample
- 14. Estimation of dissolved oxygen in given water sample
- 15. Estimation of Vitamin -C in ascorbic acid
- 16. Estimation of mohrs salt solution by using standard KMnO<sub>4</sub> solution
- 17. Estimation of HCL solutions by using standard Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution

### **References:**

1. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis 6th Edition 6th Edition" Pearson Publicationsby J. Mendham, R.C.Denney, J.D.Barnes and B. Sivasankar.

| I Year-II Semester |   |   |   |   |     |  |
|--------------------|---|---|---|---|-----|--|
| 23EE2L02           | Network Analysis and Simulation<br>Laboratory | L | T | P | C   |  |
|                    |   | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1.5 |  |

- To gain hands on experience in verifying Kirchoff's laws and network theorems
- To analyze transient behavior of circuits
- To study resonance characteristics
- To determine 2-port network parameters

### **Course Outcomes:**

**CO1:** Verify Kirchhoff's laws and network theorems.

CO2: Measure time constants of RL & RC circuits.

**CO3:** Analyze behavior of RLC circuit for different cases.

**CO4:** Design resonant circuit for given specifications.

**CO5:** Characterize and model the network in terms of all network parameters.

The following experiments need to be performed using both Hardware and simulation Software. The experiments need to be simulated using software and the same need to be verified using the hardware.

- 1. Study of components of a circuit and Verification of KCL and KVL.
- 2. Verification of mesh and nodal analysis for AC circuits
- 3. Verification of Superposition, Thevenin's & Norton theorems for AC circuits
- 4. Verification of maximum power transfer theorem for AC circuits
- 5. Verification of Tellegen's theorem for two networks of the same topology.
- 6. Study of DC transients in RL, RC and RLC circuits
- 7. To study frequency response of various 1st order RL & RC networks
- 8. To study the transient and steady state response of a 2<sup>nd</sup> order circuit by varying its various parameters and studying their effects on responses
- 9. Find the Q Factor and Bandwidth of a Series and Parallel Resonance circuit.
- 10. Determination of open circuit (Z) and short circuit (Y) parameters
- 11. Determination of hybrid (H) and transmission (ABCD) parameters
- 12. To measure two port parameters of a twin-T network and study its frequency response.

# **Hardware Requirements:**

Regulated Power supplies, Analog/Digital Function Generators, Digital Multimeters, Decade Resistance Boxes/Rheostats, Decade Capacitance Boxes, Ammeters (Analog or Digital), Voltmeters (Analog or Digital), Active & Passive Electronic Components

### **Software requirements:**

Multisim/ Pspice/Equivalent simulation software tool, Computer Systems with required specifications

### **References:**

- 1. Network Analysis ME Van Valkenburg, Prentice Hall of India, revised 3rd Edition, 2019.
- 2. Engineering Circuit Analysis by William H. Hayt, Jack Kemmerly, Jamie Phillips, Steven M. Durbin, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition 2020.

| I Year-II Semester |                      |     |   |   |     |  |
|--------------------|----------------------|-----|---|---|-----|--|
| 23ES2L04           | Engineering Workshop | L   | T | P | C   |  |
|                    | Engineering workshop | 0 0 | 0 | 3 | 1.5 |  |
|                    |                      |     |   |   |     |  |

To familiarize students with wood working, sheet metal operations, fitting, electrical house wiring skills, and basic repairs of two-wheeler vehicle.

### **Course Outcomes:**

CO1: Identify workshop tools and their operational capabilities.

**CO2:** Practice on manufacturing of components using workshop trades including fitting, carpentry, foundry and welding.

**CO3:** Apply fitting operations in various applications.

CO4: Apply basic electrical engineering knowledge for House Wiring Practice

#### **SYLLABUS**

- **1.Demonstration**: Safety practices and precautions to be observed in workshop.
- **2.Wood Working:** Familiarity with different types of woods and tools used in wood working and make following joints.Half Lap joint b) Mortise and Tenon joint c) Corner Dovetail joint or Bridle joint
- **3.Sheet Metal Working**: Familiarity with different types of tools used in sheet metal working, Developments of following sheet metal job from GI sheets.
- a) Tapered tray b) Conical funnel c) Elbow pipe d) Brazing
- **4.Fitting:** Familiarity with different types of tools used in fitting and do the following fitting exercises.
- a) V-fit b) Dovetail fit c) Semi-circular fit d) Bicycle tire puncture and change of two-wheeler tyre
- **5.Electrical Wiring**: Familiarity with different types of basic electrical circuits and make the following connections. a) Parallel and series b) Two-way switch c) Godown lighting d) Tube light e) Three phase motor f) Soldering of wires
- **6.Foundry Trade:** Demonstration and practice on Moulding tools and processes, Preparation of Green Sand Moulds for given Patterns.
- **7.Welding Shop**: Demonstration and practice on Arc Welding and Gas welding. Preparation of Lap joint and Butt joint.
- **8.Plumbing:** Demonstration and practice of Plumbing tools, Preparation of Pipe joints with coupling for same diameter and with reducer for different diameters.
- **9.Basic repairs of Two-wheeler vehicle** Demonstration of working of two-wheeler vehicle and its repairs.

#### **Textbooks:**

Basic Workshop Technology: Manufacturing Process, Felix W.; Independently Published, 2019. Workshop Processes, Practices and Materials; Bruce J. Black, Routledge publishers, 5th Edn. 2015.

A Course in Workshop Technology Vol I. & II, B.S. Raghuwanshi, Dhanpath Rai & Co., 2015 & 2017.

### **Reference Books:**

Elements of Workshop Technology, Vol. I by S. K. Hajra Choudhury & Others, Media Promoters and Publishers, Mumbai. 2007, 14th edition

Workshop Practice by H. S. Bawa, Tata-McGraw Hill, 2004.

Wiring Estimating, Costing and Contracting; Soni P.M. & Upadhyay P.A.; Atul Prakashan, 2021-22.

| I Year-II Semester |   |   |   |   |     |  |
|--------------------|---|---|---|---|-----|--|
| 23HM2L03           | NSS/NCC/Scouts & Guides/Community Service | L | T | P | C   |  |
|                    |   | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 |  |

The objective of introducing this course is to impart discipline, character, fraternity, teamwork, social consciousness among the students and engaging them in selfless service.

Course Outcomes: After completion of the course the students will be able to

**CO1:** Understand the importance of discipline, character and service motto.

CO2: Solve some societal issues by applying acquired knowledge, facts, and techniques.

**CO3:** Explore human relationships by analyzing social problems.

**CO4:** Determine to extend their help for the fellow beings and downtrodden people.

**CO5:** Develop leadership skills and civic responsibilities.

#### **UNIT I** Orientation

General Orientation on NSS/NCC/ Scouts & Guides/Community Service activities, careerguidance.

### **Activities:**

- i) Conducting –ice breaking sessions-expectations from the course-knowing personaltalents and skills
- ii) Conducting orientations programs for the students –future plans-activities-releasingroad map etc.
- iii) Displaying success stories-motivational biopics- award winning movies on societal issues etc.
- iv) Conducting talent show in singing patriotic songs-paintings- any other contribution.

### **UNIT II** Nature & areActivities:

- i) Best out of waste competition.
- ii) Poster and signs making competition to spread environmental awareness.
- iii) Recycling and environmental pollution article writing competition.
- iv) Organising Zero-waste day.
- v) Digital Environmental awareness activity via various social media platforms.
- vi) Virtual demonstration of different eco-friendly approaches for sustainable living.
- vii) Write a summary on any book related to environmental issues.

# **UNIT III** Community

# **Service Activities:**

- i) Conducting One Day Special Camp in a village contacting village-area leaders-Surveyin the village, identification of problems- helping them to solve via mediaauthorities-experts-etc.
- ii) Conducting awareness programs on Health-related issues such as General Health, Mental health, Spiritual Health, HIV/AIDS,

- iii) Conducting consumer Awareness. Explaining various legal provisions etc.
- iv) Women Empowerment Programmes- Sexual Abuse, Adolescent Health and PopulationEducation.
- v) Any other programmes in collaboration with local charities, NGOs etc.

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Nirmalya Kumar Sinha & Surajit Majumder, A Text Book of National Service Scheme Vol; I, Vidya Kutir Publication, 2021 (ISBN 978-81-952368-8-6)
- 2. Red Book National Cadet Corps Standing Instructions Vol I & II, DirectorateGeneral of NCC, Ministry of Defence, New Delhi
- 3. Davis M. L. and Cornwell D. A., "Introduction to Environmental Engineering", McGraw Hill, New York 4/e 2008
- 4. Masters G. M., Joseph K. and Nagendran R. "Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science", Pearson Education, New Delhi. 2/e 2007
- 5. Ram Ahuja. Social Problems in India, Rawat Publications, New Delhi.

### **General Guidelines:**

- 1. Institutes must assign slots in the Timetable for the activities.
- 2. Institutes are required to provide instructor to mentor the students.

### **Evaluation Guidelines:**

- Evaluated for a total of 100 marks.
- A student can select 6 activities of his/her choice with a minimum of 01 activity per unit. Each activity shall be evaluated by the concerned teacher for 15 marks, totalling to 90 marks.
- A student shall be evaluated by the concerned teacher for 10 marks by conducting vivavoce on the subject.

| II Year-I Semester |                                      |   |   |   |   |  |  |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| 23BS3T03           | Complex Variables and Random Process | L | T | P | C |  |  |
|                    |                                      | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |  |  |

- To familiarize the complex variables.
- This gives basic understanding of random variables and operations that can be performed on them.
- To know the Spectral and temporal characteristics of Random Process
- To know the Spectral and temporal characteristics of Random Process.
- To Learn the Basic concepts of Information theory Noise sources and its representation for understanding its characteristics

# **Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course students will be able to

- 1. Apply Cauchy-Riemann equations to complex functions in order to determine whether a given continuous function is analytic or not(L3)
- 2. Make use of the Cauchy residue theorem to evaluate certain integrals (L3)
- 3. Demonstrate the random variables and Define and manipulate distribution and density functions.
- 4. Perform operations on single and multiple Random variables.
- 5. Determine the Spectral characteristics of Random Signals.

# **UNIT – I: Functions of a complex variable and Complex integration:**

Introduction – Limits - Continuity – Differentiability – Analyticity – Cauchy-Riemann equations in Cartesian and polar coordinates – Harmonic and conjugate harmonic functions – Milne – Thompson method.

Complex integralion: Line integral – Cauchy's integral theorem – Cauchy's integral formula – Generalized integral formula (all without proofs) and problems on above theorems.

# **UNIT – II: Series expansions and Residue Theorem:**

Radius of convergence – Expansion of function as a Taylor's series, Maclaurin's series and Laurent's series.

Types of Singularities: Isolated – Essential singularities –Pole of order m– Residue – Residue theorem (without proof) – Evaluation of real integral of the types  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x)dx$  and.  $\int_{0}^{2\pi} f(\cos\theta, \sin\theta)d\theta$ .

# **UNIT – III: Probability & Random Variables:**

Conditional Probability & Total Probability, Bayes' Theorem, Independent Events.

Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability density functions, properties, mathematical expectation, variance. Mixed Random Variable, Distribution and Density functions, Properties, Binomial, Poisson, Uniform, Gaussian distributions.

# **UNIT – IV: Operations on Random variables:**

Moments-moments about the origin, Central moments, Variance and Skewness, Chebyshev's inequality, moment generating function, characteristic function.

Multiple Random Variables: Vector Random Variables, Joint Distribution Function, Properties of Joint Distribution, Marginal Distribution Functions, Conditional Distribution and Density – Point Conditioning, Interval conditioning, Statistical Independence.

# **UNIT – V: Stochastic Processes-Spectral Characteristics**:

The Power Spectrum and its Properties, Relationship between Power Spectrum and Auto correlation

Function, the Cross-Power Density Spectrum and Properties, Relationship between Cross-Power Spectrum and Cross-Correlation Function. Spectral characteristics of system response: power density spectrum of response, cross power spectral density of input and output of a linear system.

# **TextBooks:**

- 1. **B.S.Grewal,**Higher Engineering Mathematics,44<sup>th</sup>Edition,KhannaPublishers.
- 2. PeytonZ.Peebles-Probability,RandomVariables&RandomSignalPrinciples,4thEd,TMH,2001.
- 3. TaubandSchilling-PrinciplesofCommunicationsystems,TMH,2008.

# **ReferenceBooks:**

- 1. **ErwinKreyszig,** Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10<sup>th</sup>Edition, Wiley-India.
- 2. **B.V.Ramana**, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 2007 Edition, TataMc. Graw Hill Education.
- 3. AthanasiosPapoulis and S.UnnikrishnaPillai- Probability,Random Variables and Stochastic Processes,4thEd.,PHI,2002.
- 4. B.P.Lathi-Signals, Systems & Communications, B.S.Publications, 2003.
- 5. S.PEugeneXavier-Statistical Theory of Communication, New AgePublications, 2003.
- 6. Y Mallikarjuna Reddy, Probability Theory and Stochastic Processes, University Press, 4th Edition.

| II Year-I Semester |                                      |   |   |   |   |  |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|
| 23HM3T01           | UNIVERSALHUMAN VALUES- UNDERSTANDING | L | T | P | C |  |
|                    | HARMONY AND ETHICAL HUMANCONDUCT     | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 |  |

- To help the students appreciate the essential complementary between 'VALUES' and 'SKILLS' to ensure sustained happiness and prosperity which are the core aspirations of all human beings.
- To facilitate the development of a Holistic perspective among students towards life and profession as well as towards happiness and prosperity based on a correct understanding of the Human reality and the rest of existence. Such holistic perspective forms the basis of Universal Human Values and movement towards value-based living in a natural way.
- To highlight plausible implications of such a Holistic understanding in terms of ethical human conduct, trustful and mutually fulfilling human behavior and mutually enriching interaction with Nature.

## **COURSE TOPICS**

The course has 28 lectures and 14 tutorials in 5 modules. The lectures and tutorials are of 1- hour duration. Tutorial sessions are to be used to explore and practice what has been proposed during the lecture sessions. The Teacher's Manual provides the outline for lectures as well as practice sessions. The teacher is expected to present the issues to be discussed as propositions and encourage the students to have a dialogue.

## UNIT – I – Introduction to Value Education (6 lectures and 3 tutorials for practice session)

Lecture 1: Right Understanding, Relationship and Physical Facility (Holistic Development and the Role of Education)

Lecture 2: Understanding Value Education

Tutorial 1: Practice Session PS1 Sharing about Oneself Lecture 3: self-exploration as the Process for Value Education

Lecture 4: Continuous Happiness and Prosperity – the Basic Human Aspirations

Tutorial 2: Practice Session PS2 Exploring Human Consciousness

Lecture 5: Happiness and Prosperity – Current Scenario

Lecture 6: Method to Fulfillthe Basic Human Aspirations

Tutorial 3: Practice Session PS3 Exploring Natural Acceptance

## **UNIT – II – Harmony in the Human Being (6 lectures and 3 tutorials for practice session)**

Lecture 7: Understanding Human being as the Co-existence of the self and the body.

Lecture 8: Distinguishing between the Needs of the self and the body

Tutorial 4: Practice Session PS4 Exploring the difference of Needs of self and body.

Lecture 9: The body as an Instrument of the self

Lecture 10: Understanding Harmony in the self

Tutorial 5: Practice Session PS5 Exploring Sources of Imagination in the self

Lecture 11: Harmony of the self with the body

Lecture 12: Programme to ensure self-regulation and Health

Tutorial 6: Practice Session PS6 Exploring Harmony of self with the body

## **UNIT – III – Harmony in the Family and Society (6 lectures and 3 tutorials for practice session)**

Lecture 13: Harmony in the Family – the Basic Unit of Human Interaction

Lecture 14: 'Trust' – the Foundational Value in Relationship

Tutorial 7: Practice Session PS7 Exploring the Feeling of Trust

Lecture 15: 'Respect' – as the Right Evaluation

Tutorial 8: Practice Session PS8 Exploring the Feeling of Respect

Lecture 16: Other Feelings, Justice in Human-to-Human Relationship

Lecture 17: Understanding Harmony in the Society

Lecture 18: Vision for the Universal Human Order

Tutorial 9: Practice Session PS9 Exploring Systems to fulfil Human Goal

**UNIT – IV –** Harmony in the Nature/Existence (4 lectures and 2 tutorials for practice session)

Lecture 19: Understanding Harmony in the Nature

Lecture 20: Interconnectedness, self-regulation and Mutual Fulfilment among the Four Orders of Nature

Tutorial 10: Practice Session PS10 Exploring the Four Orders of Nature

Lecture 21: Realizing Existence as Co-existence at All Levels

Lecture 22: The Holistic Perception of Harmony in Existence

Tutorial 11: Practice Session PS11 Exploring Co-existence in Existence.

# UNIT-V-Implications of the Holistic Understanding – a Look at Professional Ethics (6 lectures and 3 tutorials for practice session)

Lecture 23: Natural Acceptance of Human Values

Lecture 24: Definitiveness of (Ethical) Human Conduct

Tutorial 12: Practice Session PS12 Exploring Ethical Human Conduct

Lecture 25: A Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Universal Human Order

Lecture 26: Competence in Professional Ethics

Tutorial 13: Practice Session PS13 Exploring Humanistic Models in Education

Lecture 27: Holistic Technologies, Production Systems and Management Models-Typical Case Studies

Lecture 28: Strategies for Transition towards Value-based Life and Profession

Tutorial 14: Practice Session PS14 Exploring Steps of Transition towards Universal Human Order

#### PRACTICE SESSIONS

Practice Sessions for UNIT I – Introduction to Value Education

PS1 Sharing about Oneself

PS2 Exploring Human Consciousness

PS3 Exploring Natural Acceptance

Practice Sessions for UNIT II – Harmony in the Human Being

PS4 Exploring the difference of Needs of self and body

PS5 Exploring Sources of Imagination in the self

PS6 Exploring Harmony of self with the body

Practice Sessions for UNIT III – Harmony in the Family and Society

PS7 Exploring the Feeling of Trust

PS8 Exploring the Feeling of Respect

PS9 Exploring Systems to fulfil Human Goal

Practice Sessions for UNIT IV – Harmony in the Nature (Existence)

PS10 Exploring the Four Orders of Nature

PS11 Exploring Co-existence in Existence

Practice Sessions for UNIT V – Implications of the Holistic Understanding – a Look at Professional Ethics

PS12 Exploring Ethical Human Conduct

PS13 Exploring Humanistic Models in Education

PS14 Exploring Steps of Transition towards Universal Human Order

#### **TEXTBOOKS**

The Textbook – R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-47-1 The Teacher's Manual – R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, Teachers' Manual for A Foundation

Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-53-2

#### REFERENCEBOOKS

- 1. Jeevan Vidya: EkParichaya, A Nagaraj, Jeevan Vidya Prakashan, Amarkantak, 1999.
- 2. Human Values, A.N. Tripathi, New Age Intl. Publishers, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. The Story of Stuff (Book).
- 4. The Story of My Experiments with Truth by Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi
- 5. Small is Beautiful E. F Schumacher.
- 6. Slow is Beautiful Cecile Andrews
- 7. Economy of Permanence J C Kumarappa
- 8. Bharat Mein Angreji Raj PanditSunderlal
- 9. Rediscovering India by Dharampal
- 10. Hind Swaraj or Indian Home Rule by Mohandas K. Gandhi
- 11. India Wins Freedom Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad
- 12. Vivekananda Romain Rolland (English)
- 13. Gandhi Romain Rolland (English)

14.

#### **Mode of Conduct**

Lecture hours are to be used for interactive discussion, placing the proposals about the topics at hand and motivating students to reflect, explore and verify them.

Tutorial hours are to be used for practice sessions.

While analyzing and discussing the topic, the faculty mentor's role is in pointing to essential elements to help in sorting them out from the surface elements. In other words, help the students explore the important or critical elements.

In the discussions, particularly during practice sessions (tutorials), the mentor encourages the student to connect with one's own self and do self-observation, self-reflection and self-exploration.

Scenarios may be used to initiate discussion. The student is encouraged to take up "ordinary" situations rather than" extra-ordinary" situations. Such observations and their analyses are shared and discussed with other students and faculty mentor, in a group sitting.

Tutorials (experiments or practical) are important for the course. The difference is that the laboratory is everyday life, and practical are how you behave and work in real life. Depending on the nature of topics, worksheets, home assignment and/or activity are included. The practice sessions (tutorials) would also provide support to a student in performing actions commensurate to his/her beliefs. It is intended that this would lead to development of commitment, namely behaving and working based on basic human values.

It is recommended that this content be placed before the student as it is, in the form of a basic foundation course, without including anything else or excluding any part of this content. Additional content may be offered in separate, higher courses. This course is to be taught by faculty from every teaching department, not exclusively by any one department.

Teacher preparation with a minimum exposure to at least one 8-day Faculty Development Program on Universal Human Values is deemed essential.

#### **Online Resources**

- https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/UHV-II%20Class%20Notes%20&%20Handouts/UHV%20Handout%201-Introduction%20to%20Value%20Education.pdf
- 2. https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/UHV-II%20Class%20Notes%20&%20Handouts/UHV%20Handout%202-Harmony%20in%20the%20Human%20Being.pdf
- 3. https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/UHV-

II%20Class%20Notes%20&%20Handouts/UHV%20Handout%203-

Harmony%20in%20the%20Family.pdf

- 4. https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/UHV%201%20Teaching%20Material/D3-S2%20Respect%20July%2023.pdf
- 5. https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/UHV-

II% 20Class% 20Notes% 20&% 20Handouts/UHV% 20Handout% 205-

Harmony%20in%20the%20Nature%20and%20Existence.pdf

- 6. https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/download/FDPTeachingMaterial/3-days%20FDP-SI%20UHV%20Teaching%20Material/Day%203%20Handouts/UHV%203D%20D3-S2A%20Und%20Nature-Existence.pdf
- 7. https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/UHV%20II%20Teaching%20Material/UHV%20II%20Lecture%2023-25%20Ethics%20v1.pdf
- 8. https://www.studocu.com/in/document/kiet-group-of-institutions/universal-human-values/chapter-5-holistic-understanding-of-harmony-on-professional-ethics/62490385
- 9. https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/aic22\_ge23/preview

#### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:

- Define the terms like Natural Acceptance, Happiness and Prosperity (L1, L2)
- Identify one's self, and one's surroundings (family, society nature) (L1, L2)
- Apply what they have learnt to their own self in different day-to-day settings in real life (L3)
- Relate human values with human relationship and human society. (L4)
- Justify the need for universal human values and harmonious existence (L5)
- Develop as socially and ecologically responsible engineers (L3, L6)

| II Year-I Semester |                     |   |   |   |   |  |
|--------------------|---------------------|---|---|---|---|--|
| 23ES3T03           | SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS | L | T | P | C |  |
| 25135105           | SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |  |

- To study about signals and systems.
- To analyze the spectral characteristics of signal using Fourier series and Fourier transforms.
- To understand the characteristics of systems.
- To introduce the concept of sampling process
- To know various transform techniques to analyze the signals and systems.

### **UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION**

Definition of Signals and Systems, Classification of Signals, Classification of Systems, Operations on signals: time-shifting, time- scaling, amplitude-shifting, amplitude-scaling. Problems on classification and characteristics of Signals and Systems. Complex exponential and sinusoidal signals, Singularity functions and related functions: impulse function, step function signum function and ramp function. Analogy between vectors and signals, orthogonal signal space, Signal approximation using orthogonal functions, Mean square error, closed or complete set of orthogonal functions, Orthogonality in complex functions. Related problems.

### UNIT-II: FOURIER SERIES AND FOURIER TRANSFORM

Fourier series representation of continuous time periodic signals, properties of Fourier series, Dirichlet's conditions, Trigonometric Fourier series and Exponential Fourier series, Relation between Trigonometric and Exponential Fourier series, Complex Fourier spectrum. Deriving Fourier transform from Fourier series, Fourier transform of arbitrary signal, Fourier transform of standard signals, Fourier transform of periodic signals, properties of Fourier transforms, Fourier transforms involving impulse function and Signum function. Introduction to Hilbert Transform, Related problems.

### UNIT-III: ANALYSIS OF LINEAR SYSTEMS

Introduction, Linear system, impulse response, Response of a linear system, Linear time invariant (LTI) system, Linear time variant(LTV)system, Concept of convolution in time domain and frequency domain, Graphical representation of convolution, Transfer function of a LTI system, Related problems. Filter characteristics of linear systems. Distortion less transmission through a system, Signal band width, system band width, Ideal LPF, HPF and BPF characteristics, Causality and Poly-Wiener criterion for physical realization, relationship between bandwidth and rise time.

#### **UNIT-IV: CORRELATION**

Auto-correlation and cross-correlation of functions, properties of correlation function, Energy density spectrum, Parseval's theorem, Power density spectrum, Relation between Convolution and correlation, Detection of periodic signals in the presence of noise by correlation, Extraction of signal from noise by filtering.

**SAMPLING THEOREM:** Graphical and analytical proof for Band Limited Signals, impulse sampling, Natural and Flat top Sampling, Reconstruction of signal from its samples, effect of under sampling –Aliasing, Introduction to B and Pass sampling, Related problems.

### **UNIT-V:LAPLACE TRANSFORMS:**

Introduction, Concept of region of convergence (ROC) for Laplace transforms, constraints on ROC for various classes of signals, Properties of L.T's, Inverse Laplace transform, Relation between L.T's, and

F.T. of a signal. Laplace transform of certain signals using waveform synthesis.

**Z-TRANSFORMS**: Concept of Z-Transform of a discrete sequence .Region of convergence in Z-Transform, constraints on ROC for various classes of signals, Inverse Z- transform, properties of Z-transforms. Distinction between Laplace, Fourier and Z- transforms.

### **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. Signals, Systems & Communications-B.P.Lathi, BSPublications, 2003.
- 2. Signals and Systems-A.V. Oppenheim, A.S. Willsky and S.H. Nawab, PHI, 2nd Edn,1997
- 3. Signals & Systems-SimonHaykinandVanVeen, Wiley, 2nd Edition, 2007

#### **REFERENCEBOOKS:**

- 1. Principles of Linear Systems and Signals-BP Lathi, Oxford University Press,2015
- 2. Signals and Systems-TK Rawat, Oxford University press,2011
- 3. Signals and Systems-Anand Kumar, PHI 3<sup>rd</sup> edition 2015.

## **Online Learning Resources:**

- http://nptel.ac.in/courses/117106114/
- https://www.tutorialspoint.com/signals\_and\_systems

| COs | Statements  | BL  |
|-----|---|-----|
| CO1 | Differentiate the various classifications of signals and systems                          |     |
| CO2 | Analyze the frequency domain representation of signals using Fourier concepts             | BL4 |
| CO3 | Classify the systems based on their properties and determine the response of LTI Systems. | BL2 |
| CO4 | Define the sampling process and various types of sampling techniques.                     | BL1 |
| CO5 | Apply Laplace and z-transforms to analyze signals and Systems(continuous & discrete).     | BL3 |

| II Year-I Semester |                                 |            |   |   |   |  |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|------------|---|---|---|--|
| 23EC3T01           | ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS | L          | T | P | C |  |
|                    | ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS | CIRCUITS 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |  |

- To learn and understand the basic concepts of semiconductor physics.
- Study the physical phenomena such as conduction, transport mechanism and electrical characteristics of different diodes.
- To learn and understand the application of diodes as rectifiers with their operation and characteristics with and without filters are discussed.
- Acquire knowledge about the principle of working and operation of Bipolar Junction Transistor and Field Effect Transistor and their characteristics.
- To learn and understand the purpose of transistor biasing and its significance.
- Small signal equivalent circuit analysis of BJT and FET transistor amplifiers and compare different configurations.

## **UNIT-I:Review of Semiconductor Physics**

Mobility and Conductivity, Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, continuity equation, law of junction, Fermi Dirac function, Fermi level in intrinsic and extrinsic Semiconductors. (Text book: 1)

**Junction Diode Characteristics:** Energy band diagram of PN junction Diode, Open circuited p-n junction, Biased p-n junction, p-n junction diode, current components in p-n junction Diode, Diode equation, V-I Characteristics, temperature dependence on V-I characteristics, Diode resistance, Diode capacitance. (Text book: 1)

## **UNIT-II: Special Semiconductor Devices**

Zener Diode, Breakdown mechanisms, Zener diode applications, Varactor Diode, LED, Photodiode, Tunnel Diode, UJT, PNPN Diode, SCR, Construction, operation and V-I characteristics. (Text book: 1)

**Diode Circuits:** The Piecewise Linear Diode model, Clipping (limiting) circuits, Clipping at Two Independent Levels, Peak Detector, Clamping circuits, Comparators, Sampling Gate, Basic Rectifier setup, half wave rectifier, full wave rectifier, bridge rectifier, derivations of characteristics of rectifiers, Filters, Inductor filter, Capacitor filter,  $\pi$ -section Filter, comparison of various filter circuits in terms of ripple factors. (Text book: 1, 2)

#### **UNIT-III: Transistor Characteristics**

Junction transistor, transistor current components, transistor equation in CB configuration, transistor as an amplifier, characteristics of transistor in Common Base, Common Emitter and Common Collector configurations, punch through/ reach through, Photo transistor, typical transistor junction voltage values. (Text book: 1)

**Transistor Biasing and Thermal Stabilization:** Need for biasing, operating point, load line analysis, BJT biasing- methods, basic stability, fixed bias, collector to base bias, self bias,

Stabilization against variations in VBE, Ic, and  $\beta$ , Stability factors, (S,S',S''), Bias compensation, Thermal runaway, Thermal stability. (Text book: 1)

## UNIT- IV: Small Signal Low Frequency Transistor Amplifier Models BJT

Two port network, Transistor hybrid model, determination of h-parameters, conversion of h-parameters, generalized analysis of transistor amplifier model using h-parameters, Analysis of CB, CE and CC amplifiers using exact and approximate analysis, Comparison of transistor amplifiers. (Text

book: 1, 2) **UNIT- V:FET** 

FET types, JFET operation, characteristics, small signal model of JFET. (Text book: 1)

**MOSFET**: MOSFET Structure, Operation of MOSFET: operation in triode region, operation in saturation region, MOSFET as a variable resistor, derivation of V-I characteristics of MOSFET, Channel length modulation, MOS transconductance, MOS device models: MOS small signal model, PMOS Transistor, CMOS Technology, Comparison of Bipolar and MOS devices. (Text book: 3)CMOS amplifiers: General Considerations, Common Source Stage, Common Gate Stage, Source Follower, comparison of FET amplifiers. (Text book: 3)

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Millman's Electronic Devices and Circuits- J. Millman, C. C. Halkias and SatyabrataJit, Mc-Graw Hill Education, 4th edition, 2015.
- 2. Millman's Integrated Electronics-J. Millman, C. Halkias, and Ch. D. Parikh, Mc-GrawHill Education, 2nd Edition, 2009.
- 3. Fundamentals of Microelectronics-BehzadRazavi, Wiley, 3rd edition, 2021.

#### **References:**

- 1. Basic Electronics-Priciples and Applications, ChinmoySaha, ArindamHalder, DebaratiGanguly, Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Electronics devices & circuit theory- Robert L. Boylestad and LouiNashelsky, Pearson, 11th edition, 2015.
- 3. Electronic Devices and Circuits David A. Bell, Oxford University Press, 5th edition, 2008.
- 4. Electronic Devices and Circuits- S. Salivahanan, N. Suresh Kumar, Mc-Graw Hill, 5th edition, 2022.

## **OnlineLearningResources:**

- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117/103/117103063/
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/108/108108122/

| Course | Outcomes.   |     |
|--------|---|-----|
| COs    | Statements  | BL  |
| CO1    | Apply the basic concepts of semiconductor physics.                                | BL2 |
| CO2    | Understand the formation of p-n junction and how it can be used as a p-n junction | BL2 |
|        | as diode in different modes of operation.   |     |
| CO3    | Analyze the construction, working principle of Semiconductor Devices and Diode    | BL3 |
|        | Circuits  |     |
| CO4    | Know the need of transistor biasing, various biasing techniques for BJT and FET   | BL3 |
|        | and stabilization concepts with necessary expressions                             |     |
| CO5    | Apply small signal low frequency transistor amplifier circuits using BJT and FET  | BL3 |
|        | in different configurations   |     |

| II Year-I Semester |                                   |   |   |   |   |  |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|
| 22EC2E02           |                                   | L | T | P | C |  |
| 23EC3T02           | SWITCHING THEORY AND LOGIC DESIGN | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |  |

- To solve a typical number base conversion and analyze new error coding techniques.
- Theorems and functions of Boolean algebra and behavioroul logic gates
- To optimize logic gates for digital circuits using various techniques.
- BooleanfunctionsimplificationusingKarnaughmapsandQuine-McCluskeymethods
- To understand concepts of combinational circuits.
- To develop advanced sequential circuits.

#### UNIT - I: REVIEW OF NUMBER SYSTEMS & CODES

Representation of numbers of different radix, conversation from one radix to another radix, r-1's compliments and r's compliments of signed members. Gray code, 4 bit codes; BCD, Excess-3, 2421, 8 4-2-1 code etc. Error detection & correction codes: parity checking, even parity, odd parity, Hamming code.

### **BOOLEAN THEOREMS AND LOGIC OPERATIONS**

Boolean theorems, principle of complementation & duality, De-morgan theorems. Logic operations; Basic logic operations -NOT, OR, AND, Universal Logic operations, EX-OR, EX- NOR operations. Standard SOP and POS Forms, NAND-NAND and NOR-NOR realizations, Realization of three level logic circuits.

## **UNIT – II: MINIMIZATION TECHNIQUES**

Minimization and realization of switching functions using Boolean theorems, K-Map (up to 6 variables) and tabular method(Quine-McCluskey method) with only four variables and single function.

### COMBINATIONAL LOGIC CIRCUITS DESIGN:

Design of Half adder, full adder, half subtractor, full subtractor, applications of full adders; 4- bit adder-subtractor circuit, BCD adder circuit, Excess 3 adder circuit and carry look-a- head adder circuit, Design code converts using Karnaugh method and draw the complete circuit diagrams.

### UNIT - III: COMBINATIONAL LOGIC CIRCUITS DESIGN USING MSI &LSI

Design of encoder, decoder, multiplexer and de-multiplexers, Implementation of higher order circuits using lower order circuits. Realization of Boolean functions using decoders and multiplexers. Design of Priority encoder, 4-bit digital comparator and seven segment decoder.

#### **INTRODUCTION OF PLD's**

PLDs: PROM, PAL, PLA -Basics structures, realization of Boolean functions, Programming table.

#### UNIT - IV: SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS I

Classification of sequential circuits (synchronous and asynchronous), operation of NAND & NOR Latches and flip-flops; truth tables and excitation tables of RS flip-flop, JK flip- flop, T flip-flop, D flip-flop with reset and clear terminals. Conversion from one flip-flop to another flip- flop. Design of 5ripple counters, design of synchronous counters, Johnson counter, ring counter. Design of registers - Buffer register, control buffer register, shift register, bi- directional shift register, universal shift register

Study the following relevant ICs and their relevant functions 7474, 7475, 7476, 7490, 7493, 74121.

#### **UNIT – V: SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS II**

Finite state machine; state diagrams, state tables, reduction of state tables. Analysis of clocked sequential circuits Mealy to Moore conversion and vice-versa. Realization of sequence generator, Design of Clocked Sequential Circuit to detect the given sequence (with overlapping or without overlapping)

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Switching and finite automata theory Zvi. KOHAVI, Niraj. K.Jha 3rdEdition, Cambridge University Press, 2009
- 2. Digital Design by M.MorrisMano, Michael D Ciletti,4th editionPHIpublication,2008
- 3. Switching theory and logic design by Hill and Peterson, Mc-Graw Hill TMH edition, 2012.

### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Fundamentals of Logic Design by Charles H. Roth Jr, Jaico Publishers, 2006
- 2. Digital electronics by R S Sedha.S.Chand&companylimited,2010
- 3. Switching Theory and Logic Design by A. AnandKumar, PHI Learning pvtltd, 2016.
- 4. Digital logic applications and design by John M Yarbough, Cengagelearning, 2006.
- 5. TTL 74-Seriesdatabook.

## On line Learning Resources:

- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105132/
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117/106/117106086/

| COs | Statements   | BL  |
|-----|--|-----|
| CO1 | Classify different number systems and apply to generate various codes.                                   | BL2 |
| CO2 | Use the concept of Boolean algebra in minimization of switching functions                                | BL3 |
| CO3 | Design different types of combinational logic circuits.  | BL3 |
| CO4 | Apply knowledge of flip-flops in designing of Registers and counters                                     | BL3 |
| CO5 | The operation and design methodology for synchronous sequential circuits and algorithmic state machines. | BL3 |
| CO5 | Produce innovative designs by modifying the traditional design techniques.                               | BL4 |

| II Year-I Semester |                                     |   |   |   |     |  |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|-----|--|
| 23EC3L01           |                                     | L | T | P | C   |  |
|                    | ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS LAB | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1.5 |  |

- To analyse the modelling, characteristics and electrical parameters of Diode, BJT, and JFET.
- To illustrate the concepts of biasing in BJT, JFET.
- To illustrate the application of diode in rectifiers and regulated power supply.
- To analyze single stage amplifier circuits using equivalent circuits.

Note: The students are required to perform the experiment to obtain the V-

Icharacteristicsandtodeterminetherelevantparametersfromtheobtainedgraphs.

## **List of Experiments : (Minimum of Ten Experiments has to be performed)**

- 1. Clipper circuit using diode
- 2. Clamping circuit using diode
- 3. Rectifiers(without and with c-filter)
  - i. Part A:Half-wave Rectifier
  - ii. Part B:Full-wave Rectifier
- 4. BJT Characteristics(CE Configuration)
  - i. Part A: Input Characteristics
  - ii. Part B:Output Characteristics
- 5. FET Characteristics(CS Configuration)
  - i. Part A: Drain Characteristics
  - ii. Part B: Transfer Characteristics
- 6. SCR Characteristics
- 7. UJT Characteristics
- 8. Transistor Biasing
- 9. CRO Operation and its Measurements
- 10. BJT-CE Amplifier
- 11. Emitter Follower-CC Amplifier
- 12. FET-CS Amplifier

## **Equipment required:**

- 1. Regulated Power supplies
- 2. Analog/Digital Storage Oscilloscopes
- 3. Analog/Digital Function Generators
- 4. Digital Multi-meters
- 5. Decade Resistance Boxes/Rheostats
- 6. Decade Capacitance Boxes
- 7. Ammeters(Analog or Digital)
- 8. Voltmeters(Analog or Digital)
- 9. Active & Passive Electronic Components.

**Note:** Students supposed to do an Experiment beyond the Syllabus / Lab oriented mini-Project / Case Study and submit it for internal Evaluation.

| Course |  |     |
|--------|--|-----|
| COs    | Statements   | BL  |
| CO1    | Apply the concepts of different electronic devices to verify their characteristics and measure the important parameters. | BL2 |
| CO2    | Analyze the performance of rectifier circuits with and without filters.  | BL3 |
| CO3    | Analyze the performance of BJT and FET amplifier circuits.   | BL3 |
| CO4    | Design and verify clipping and clamping circuits operation.  | BL4 |

|          | II Year-I Semester                             |   |   |   |     |
|----------|--|---|---|---|-----|
| 22EC2L02 | 23EC3L02 SWITCHING THEORY AND LOGIC DESIGN LAB | L | T | P | C   |
| 25EC3LU2 |  | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1.5 |

- To outline the basics of Digital electronics, Boolean algebraand basic logic gates.
- Able to design the simple logic circuits and verify the functionality.
- Design combinational and sequential logic circuits using digital ICs.
- Students use a digital trainer kit and Vivado emulator to test their electronic designs.(for additional experiments)

## **List of Experiments: (Minimum of Ten Experiments has to be performed)**

- 1. Verification of truth tables of the following Logic gates
  - $Two\ input (i) OR (ii) AND (iii) NOR (iv) NAND (v) Exclusive-OR (vi) Exclusive-NOR$
- 2. Design a simple combinational circuit with four variables and obtain minimal SOP expression and verify the truth table using Digital Traine Kit.
- 3. Verification of functional table of 3to8-lineDecoder/De-multiplexer
- 4. 4variable logic function verification using 8to1multiplexer.
- 5. Design full adder circuit and verify its functional table.
- 6. Verification of functional tables of (i) J K Edge triggered Flip-Flop(ii)D Flip-Flop
- 7. Design a four-bit ring counter using D Flip-Flops/J K Flip Flop and verify output.
- 8. Design a four-bit Johnson's counter using D Flip-Flops/J K Flip Flops and verify output
- 9. Verify the operation of 4-bitUniversal Shift Register for different Modes of operation.
- 10. Draw the circuit diagram of MOD-8 ripple counter and construct a circuit using T-Flip-Flops and Test It with a low frequency clock and sketch the output waveforms.
- 11. Design MOD–8 synchronous counter using T Flip-Flop and verify the result and sketch the output waveforms.
- 12. (a)Draw the circuit diagram of a single bit comparator and test the output (b)Construct 7 Segment Display Circuit Using Decoder and 7 Segment LED and test it.

## **Additional Experiments:**

- 1. Design BCD Adder Circuit and Test the Same using Relevant IC.
- 2. Design Excess-3to9-Complement convertor using only four Full Adders and test the Circuit.
- 3. Design an Experimental model to demonstrate the operation of 74154 De-Multiplexer using LEDs for outputs.
- 4. Design of any combinational circuit using Hardware Description Language.
- 5. Design of any sequential circuit using Hardware Description Language.

**Note:** Students supposed to do an Experiment beyond the Syllabus / Lab oriented mini-Project / Case Study and submit it for internal Evaluation.

| COs | Statements   | BL  |
|-----|--|-----|
| CO1 | Analyze and design basic combinational logic circuits using Digital IC's.                                      | BL3 |
| CO2 | Analyze and design basic Sequential logic circuits using Digital IC's.   | BL3 |
| CO3 | Implement basic combinational and sequential logic circuits using HDL programming.(for additional experiments) | BL3 |

|           | II Year-I Semester           |   |   |   |   |
|-----------|------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| 225(21.02 | DATA STRUCTURES USING PYTHON | L | T | P | C |
| 23SC3L03  |                              | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 |

## **List of Experiments:**

- 1. Write a Python program for class, Flower, that has three instance variables of type str, int, and float that respectively represent the name of the flower, its number of petals, and its price. Your class must include a construct or method that initialize search variable to an appropriate value, and your class should include methods for setting the value of each type, and retrieving the value of each type.
- 2. Develop an inheritance hierarchy based up on a Polygon class that has abstract methods area () and perimeter ().Implement classes Triangle, Quadrilateral, Pentagon, that extend this base class, with the obvious meanings for the area () and perimeter () methods. Write a simple program that allows users to create polygons of the various types and input their geometric dimensions, and the program then outputs their area and perimeter.
- 3. Write a python program to implement Method Overloading and Method Overriding.
- 4. WriteaPythonprogramtoillustratethefollowingcomprehensions:a)ListComprehensions b) Dictionary Comprehensions c) Set Comprehensions d) Generator Comprehensions
- 5. Write a Python program to generate the combinations of n distinct objects taken from the elements of a given list. Example: Original list:[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]Combinations of 2 distinct objects:[1,2][1,3][1,4][1,5][7,8][7,9][8,9].
- 6. Write a program for Linear Search and Binary search.
- 7. Write a program to implement Bubble Sort and Selection Sort.
- 8. Write a program to implement Merges or t and Quick sort.
- 9. Write a program to implement Stacks and Queues.
- 10. Write a program to implement Singly Linked List.
- 11. Write a program to implement Doubly Linked list.
- 12. Write a program to implement Binary Search Tree.

|           | II Year-I Semester   |   |   |   |   |
|-----------|----------------------|---|---|---|---|
| 23NC3T01  | ENVIRONMENTALSCIENCE | L | T | P | C |
| 251105101 |                      | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

- To make the students to get awareness on environment
- Tounderstandtheimportanceofprotectingnaturalresources,ecosystemsforfuturegenerationsandpollutioncausesduet otheday-to-dayactivitiesofhumanlife
- To save earth from the inventions by the engineers.

#### UNIT-I

Multidisciplinary Nature of Environmental Studies:-Definition, Scope and Importance-Need for Public Awareness.

Natural Resources: Renewable and non-renewable resources—Natural resources and associated problems – Forest resources – Use and over –exploitation, deforestation, case studies – Timber extraction—Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people –Water resources – Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought,conflictsoverwater,dams—benefitsandproblems—Mineralresources:Useandexploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies –Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, waterlogging, salinity, case studies.—Energy resources:

## UNIT-II

Ecosystems: Concept of an ecosystem. – Structure and function of an ecosystem – Producers, consumers and decomposers – Energy flow in the ecosystem – Ecological succession – Foodchains,foodwebsandecologicalpyramids–Introduction,types,characteristicfeatures,structureand function of the following ecosystem:

- a. Forest ecosystem.
- b. Grassland ecosystem
- c. Desert ecosystem
- d. Aquatic eco systems(ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

Biodiversity and Its Conservation: Introduction and Definition: genetic, species and eco system diversity–Bio-geographical classification of India–Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, Productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values – Biodiversity at global, National and locallevels–Indiaasamega-diversitynation–Hot-sportsofbiodiversity–

Threatstobiodiversity:habitatloss,poachingofwildlife,man-wildlifeconflicts –Endangered and endemic species of India– Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

## **UNIT-III**

Environmental Pollution: Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of:

- a. Air Pollution.
- b. Water pollution
- c. Soil pollution
- d. Marine pollution
- e. Noise pollution
- f. Thermal pollution
- g. Nuclear hazards

Solid Waste Management: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes – Role of an individual in prevention of pollution – Pollution case studies – Disaster management: floods, earth quake, cyclone and landslides.

### **UNIT-IV**

Social Issues and the Environment: From Unsustainable to Sustainable development – Urban problems related to energy–Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management – Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case studies–Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions–Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies –Wasteland reclamation. – Consumerism and waste products. – Environment Protection Act. –Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act.–Water (Prevention and control of Pollution)Act – Wildlife Protection Act – Forest Conservation Act – Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation–Public awareness.

### **UNIT-V**

Human Population And The Environment: Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion—Family Welfare Programmes.—Environment and human health—Human Rights—Value Education—HIV/AIDS—Women and Child Welfare—Role of information Technology in Environment and human health—Case studies.

Field Work: Visit to a local area to document environmental assets River/forest grass land/hill/mountain—Visit to a local polluted site urban/Rural/Industrial/Agricultural Study of common plants, insects, and birds—river, hill slopes, etc.

## **Textbooks:**

- 1. Erach Bharucha, Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses, Universities Press (India) Private Limited, 2019.
- 2. Palaniswamy, Environmental Studies, 2/e, Pearsoneducation, 2014.
- 3. S.AzeemUnnisa, Environmental Studies, Academic Publishing Company, 2021.
- 4. K.RaghavanNambiar, "TextbookofEnvironmentalStudiesforUndergraduateCoursesasperUGCmodelsyllabus", Sci TechPublications (India), Pvt.Ltd, 2010.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Deeksha Daveand E.Sai Baba Reddy, Text book of Environmental Science, 2/e, Cengage Publications, 2012.
- 2. M.AnjiReddy, "TextbookofEnvironmentalSciencesandTechnology", BSPublication, 2014.
- 3. J.P.Sharma, Comprehensive Environmental studies, Laxmi publications, 2006.
- 4. J.Glynn Henry and Gary W. Heinke, Environmental Sciences and Engineering, Prentice Hall of India Private limited, 1988.
- 5. G.R.Chatwal, A Text Book of Environmental Studies, Himalaya Publishing House, 2018.
- 6. GilbertM.MastersandWendellP.Ela,IntroductiontoEnvironmentalEngineeringandScience,1/e,PrenticeHallofIndia Privatelimited,1991.

## **Online Learning Resources:**

- https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc23\_hs155/preview
- https://www.edx.org/learn/environmental-science/rice-university-ap-r-environmental-science-part-3-pollution-and-resources?index=product&objectID=course-3a6da9f2-d84c-4773-8388-
  - 1b2f8f6a75f2&webview=false&campaign=AP%C2%AE+Environmental+Science+
  - +Part+3%3A+Pollution+and+Resources&source=edX&product\_category=course&placement\_url=htt ps%3A%2F%2Fwww.edx.org%2Flearn%2Fenvironmental-science
- http://ecoursesonline.iasri.res.in/Courses/Environmental%20Science-I/Data%20Files/pdf/lec07.pdf
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5QxxaVfgQ3k

|             | II Year-II Semester                |   |   |   |   |
|-------------|------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| 22111/4/T02 | MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL | L | T | P | C |
| 23HM4T02    | ANALYSIS                           | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |

- To inculcate the basic knowledge of microeconomics and financial accounting
- To make the students learn how demand is estimated for different products, input-output relationship for optimizing production and cost
- To Know the Various types of market structure and pricing methods and strategy
- To give an overview on investment appraisal methods to promote the students to learn how to plan long-term investment decisions.
- To provide fundamental skills on accounting and to explain the process of preparing financial statements.

## **UNIT – I – Managerial Economics**

Introduction – Nature, meaning, significance, functions, and advantages. Demand-Concept, Function, Law of Demand - Demand Elasticity- Types – Measurement. Demand Forecasting- Factors governing Forecasting, Methods. Managerial Economics and Financial Accounting and Management.

## **UNIT - II - Production and Cost Analysis**

Introduction – Nature, meaning, significance, functions and advantages. Production Function – Least-cost combination – Short run and long run Production Function – Isoquants and Is costs, Cost & Break-Even Analysis - Cost concepts and Cost behavior – Break-Even Analysis (BEA) - Determination of Break-Even Point (Simple Problems).

### **UNIT - III - Business Organizations and Markets**

Introduction – Forms of Business Organizations- Sole Proprietary - Partnership - Joint Stock Companies - Public Sector Enterprises. Types of Markets - Perfect and Imperfect Competition - Features of Perfect Competition Monopoly- Monopolistic Competition— Oligopoly-Price-Output Determination - Pricing Methods and Strategies

## **UNIT - IV - Capital Budgeting**

Introduction – Nature, meaning, significance. Types of Working Capital, Components, Sources of Short-term and Long-term Capital, Estimating Working capital requirements. Capital Budgeting–Features, Proposals, Methods and Evaluation. Projects – Pay Back

### **UNIT - V - Financial Accounting and Analysis**

Introduction – Concepts and Conventions- Double-Entry Bookkeeping, Journal, Ledger, Trial Balance- Final Accounts (Trading Account, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet withsimple adjustments). Introduction to Financial Analysis - Analysis and Interpretation of Liquidity Ratios, Activity Ratios, and Capital structure Ratios and Profitability.

#### **TEXTBOOKS**

- 1. Varshney & Maheswari: Managerial Economics, Sultan Chand.
- 2. Aryasri: Business Economics and Financial Analysis, 4/e, MGH.

#### REFERENCEBOOKS

- 1. Ahuja H, Managerial economics S Chand.
- 2. S.A. Siddiqui and A.S. Siddiqui: Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, NewAgeInternational.
- 3. Joseph G. Nellis and David Parker: Principles of Business Economics, Pearson, 2/e, New Delhi.
- 4. Domnick Salvatore: Managerial Economics in a Global Economy, Cengage.

#### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to:

- Define the concepts related to Managerial Economics, financial accounting and management(L2)
- Understand the fundamentals of Economics viz., Demand, Production, cost, revenue and markets (L2)
- Apply the Concept of Production cost and revenues for effective Business decision (L3)
- Analyze how to invest their capital and maximize returns (L4)
- Evaluate the capital budgeting techniques. (L5)
- Develop the accounting statements and evaluate the financial performance of business entity (L5)

|          | II Year-II Semester      |   |   |   |   |
|----------|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| 23ES4T09 | LINEAR CONTROL SYSTEMS   | L | T | P | C |
| 23137107 | Enverir control storeins | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

- To introduce the concepts of open loop and closed loops systems, mathematical models of mechanical and electrical systems, and concepts of feedback
- To study the characteristics of the given system in terms of the transfer function and introducing various approaches to reduce the overall system for necessary analysis.
- To develop he acquaintance in analyzing the system response in time-domain and frequency domain in terms of various performance indices.
- To analyze the system in terms of absolute stability and relative stability by different approaches
- To design different control systems for different applications as per given specifications
- To introduce the concepts of state variable analysis, design and also the concepts of controllability and observability.

### **UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION**

Concepts of System, Control Systems: Open Loop and closed loop control systems and their differences. Different examples of control systems, Feed-Back Characteristics, Effects of feedback. Mathematical models, Differential equations, Impulse Response and transfer functions. Translational and Rotational mechanical systems

### UNIT-II: TRANSFER FUNCTION REPRESENTATION

Transfer Function of DC Servo motor - AC Servo motor- Synchro-transmitter and Receiver, Block diagram representation of systems considering electrical systems as examples —Block diagram algebra—Representation by Signal flow graph-Reduction using mason's gain formula.

**TIMERESPONSEANALYSIS:** Standard test signals— Time response of first order systems— Characteristic Equation of Feedback control systems, Transientresponseofsecondordersystems— Timedomainspecifications—Steadystateresponse-Steadystateerrorsanderrorconstants.

#### UNIT-III: STABILITY ANALYSIS IN S-DOMAIN

The concept of stability–Routh's stability criterion–qualitative stability and conditional stability–limitations of Routh's stability 100

**Root Locus Technique:** The root locus concept-construction of root loci-effects of adding poles and zerostoG(s) H(s) on the root loci.

## **UNIT-IV: FREQUENCYRESPONSEANALYSIS**

Introduction, Correlation between time and frequency response, Polar Plots, Bode Plots, Nyquist Stability Criterion

### UNIT-V: CLASSICAL CONTROL DESIGN TECHNIQUES

Compensation techniques—Lag, Lead, Lead-Lag Controllers design in frequency Domain,PID Controllers. State Space Analysis of Continuous Systems Concepts of state, state variables and state model, derivation of state models from block diagrams, Diagonalization-Solving the Time in variant state Equations-State Transition Matrix and it's Properties—Concepts of Controllability and Observability.

## **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. AutomaticControlSystems8<sup>th</sup>edition–byB.C.Kuo–Johnwileyandson's, 2003.
- 2. ControlSystemsEngineering-

by I.J. Nagrathand M. Gopal, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 2007

3. Modern Control Engineering-by Katsuhiko Ogata-Pearson Publications, 5th edition, 2015.

## **REFERENCEBOOKS:**

- 1. Control Systems by A. Nagoorkani, RBA publications, 3edition, 2017.
- 2. Contro Systems by A. Anand kumar, PHI, 2Edition, 2014.

## **Online Learning Resources:**

- http://nptel.ac.in/courses/108101037/
- http://ocw.mit.edu/courses/aeronautics-and-astronautics/16-30-feedback-control-systems-fall-2010/

| COs | Statements   | BL  |
|-----|--|-----|
| CO1 | Understand the concepts of open loop and closed loop systems, mathematical models of mechanical and electrical systems, and concepts of feedback |     |
| CO2 | Find the transfer function and to design the control system in time-domain   | BL1 |
| CO3 | Analyze the system in terms of absolute stability and relative stability by different approaches.  | BL4 |
| CO4 | Analyze the system response in frequency domain in terms of various performance indices.   | BL4 |
| CO5 | Understand the state space approach for the analysis of control systems.   | BL2 |

|          | II Year-II Semester                    |   |   |   |   |
|----------|--|---|---|---|---|
| 23EC4T03 | ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES AND TRANSMISSION | L | T | P | C |
| 23EC4103 | LINES                                  | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

The main objectives of this course are to:

- Understand the fundamentals of electric fields, coulomb's law and gauss law
- Familiar with of Biot-Savart Law, Ampere's Circuital Law and Maxwell equations
- Aware of electromagnetic wave propagation in dielectric and conducting media
- Study the equivalent circuit of transmission lines and parameters of the transmission lines
- Learn the working of smith chart and its usage in the calculation of transmission line parameters

## **COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:**

• Review of Co-ordinate Systems

### **UNIT-I: Transmission Lines – I**

Types,

Parameters, T &  $\pi$  Equivalent Circuits, Transmission Line Equations, Primary & Secondary Constants, Expressions for Characteristic Impedance, Propagation Constant, Phase and Group Velocities, Infinite Line ,Lossless lines ,distortion less lines, Illustrative Problems.

### **UNIT-II: Transmission Lines-II**

Input Impedance Relations, Reflection Coefficient, VSWR, Shorted Lines, Open Circuited Lines, and Matched Lines, Low loss radio frequency and UHF Transmission lines, UHF Lines as Circuit Elements, Smith Chart–Construction and Applications, Quarter wave transformer, Single Stub Matching, Illustrative Problems.

### **UNIT- III: Electrostatics**

Coulomb's Law, Electric Field Intensity, Electric Flux Density, Gauss Law and Applications, Electric Potential, Maxwell's Two Equations for Electrostatic Fields, Energy Density, Illustrative Problems. Convection and Conduction Currents, Dielectric Constant, Poisson's and Laplace's Equations; Capacitance –Coaxial Capacitors, Illustrative Problems.

#### **UNIT- IV: Magnetostatics**

Biot's-Savart Law, Ampere's Circuital Law and Applications, Magnetic Flux Density, Maxwell's Two Equations for Magneto static Fields, Magnetic Scalar and Vector Potentials, Forces due to Magnetic Fields, Ampere's Force Law, Inductances, Magnetic Energy, Illustrative Problems.

**Maxwell'sEquations(TimeVaryingFields):**Faraday'sLawandTransformerEMF,Inconsistency of Ampere's Law and Displacement Current Density, Maxwell's Equations in Different Final Forms and Word Statements, Conditions at a Boundary Surface, Illustrative Problems.

#### **UNIT-V: EM Wave**

Wave Equations for Conducting and Perfect Dielectric Media, Uniform Plane Waves –Definition ,All Relations Between E&H, Sinusoidal Variations, Wave Propagation in Lossy dielectrics, lossless

dielectrics, free space, wave propagation in good conductors ,skin depth, Polarization & Types, Illustrative Problems. Reflection and Refraction of Plane Waves – Normal and Oblique Incidences, for both Perfect Conductor and Perfect Dielectrics, Brewster Angle, Critical Angle and Total Internal Reflection, Surface Impedance, Poynting Vector and Poynting Theorem, Illustrative Problems.

## **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. Elements of Electromagnetic-Matthew N.O.Sadiku, Oxford University Press, 7thedition, 2018.
- 2. ElectromagneticWavesandRadiatingSystems–E.C.JordanandK.G.Balmain, PHI,2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2008.

#### **REFERENCEBOOK:**

- 1. Engineering Electromagnetics-William H. Hayt, John A. Buck, Jaleel M. Akhtar, TMH, 9thedition, 2020.
- 2. Electromagnetic Field Theory and Transmission Lines—G.S.N.Raju,PearsonEducation2006
- 3. Electromagnetic Field Theory and Transmission Lines: G Sasi Bhushana Rao, WileyIndia2013.
- 4. Networks, Lines and Fields John D. Ryder, Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2015.

## **Online Learning Resources:**

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0zWFU0Bvtqg
- https://www.slideshare.net/slideshow/electrostaticscoulombs-law-electric-field-problems/244505962
- <a href="https://www.slideshare.net/slideshow/electromagnetic-theory-and-transmission-lines-by-dr-r-prakash-rao/147744274">https://www.slideshare.net/slideshow/electromagnetic-theory-and-transmission-lines-by-dr-r-prakash-rao/147744274</a>
- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/104/108104087/

| COs | Statements   | $\mathbf{BL}$ |
|-----|--|---------------|
| CO1 | Extract the primary and secondary constants of different types of transmission lines.  | BL2           |
| CO2 | Derive the expressions for input impedance, reflection coefficient, and VSWR of transmission lines and calculate these parameters using smith chart. | BL3           |
| CO3 | Determine electric field intensity using coulomb's law and Gauss law.  | BL1           |
| CO4 | Determine magnetic field intensity using Biot's- Savarts Law and Ampere's Circuital Law and Maxwell's Equations.                                     | BL1           |
| CO5 | Analyze the electromagnetic wave propagation in dielectric and conducting media.   | BL4           |

|          | II Year-II Semester         |   |   |   |   |
|----------|-----------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| 23EC4T04 | ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS | L | T | P | C |
| 25207107 | ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT AIMEIGIG | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

The main objectives of this course are:

- To learn hybrid- $\pi$  parameters at high frequency and compare with low frequency parameters.
- Learn and understand the purpose of cascading of single stage amplifiers and derive the overall lvoltage gain.
- Analyze the effect of negative feedback on amplifier characteristics and derive the characteristics.
- Learn and understand the basic principle of oscillator circuits and perform the analysis of different oscillator circuits.
- Compare and analyze different Power amplifiers like Class A, Class B, Class C, Class AB and other types of amplifiers.
- Analyze different types of tuned amplifier circuits.

## **UNIT-I: Small Signal High Frequency Transistor Amplifier models**

**BJT:** Transistor at high frequencies, Hybrid- $\pi$  common emitter transistor model, Hybrid  $\pi$  conductance, Hybrid  $\pi$  capacitances, validity of hybrid  $\pi$  model, determination of high-frequency parameters in terms of low-frequency parameters , CE short circuit current gain, current gain with resistive load, cut-off frequencies, frequency response and gain bandwidth product.

**FET:** Analysis of common Source and common drain Amplifier circuits at high frequencies.

## **UNIT-II: Multistage Amplifiers:**

Classification of amplifiers, methods of coupling, cascaded transistor amplifier and its analysis, analysis of two stage RC coupled amplifier, high input resistance transistor amplifier circuits and their analysis-Darlington pair amplifier, Cascode amplifier, Boot-strap emitter follower, Differential amplifier using BJT.

#### **UNIT-III: Feedback Amplifiers**

Feedback principle and concept, types of feedback, classification of amplifiers, feedback topologies, Characteristics of negative feedback amplifiers, Generalized analysis of feedback amplifiers, Performance comparison of feedback amplifiers, Method of analysis of feedback amplifiers.

## **Unit-IV: Oscillators**

Oscillator principle, condition for oscillations, types of oscillators, RC-phase shift and Wien bridge oscillators with BJT and FET and their analysis, Generalized analysis of LC Oscillators, Hartley and Colpitt's oscillators using BJT, Frequency and amplitude stability of oscillators.

## **UNIT-V: Power Amplifiers**

Classification of amplifiers (A to H), Class A power Amplifiers, Distortions in Amplifiers, Class B Push-pull amplifiers, Complementary symmetry push pull amplifier, Class AB power amplifier, Class-C power amplifier, Thermal stability and Heat sinks.

**Tuned Amplifiers**: Introduction, Q-Factor, small signal tuned amplifier, capacitance single tuned amplifier, double tuned amplifiers, staggered tuned amplifiers.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Integrated Electronics-J.Millman and C.C.Halkias, TataMcGraw-Hill, 1972.
- 2. ElectronicDevicesandCircuitsTheory–RobertL.BoylestadandLouisNashelsky, Pearson/ Prentice Hall, Tenth Edition, 2009.
- 3. ElectronicDevicesandIntegratedCircuits-B.P.Singh,Rekha,Pearsonpublications,2006

## **References:**

- 1. Electronic Circuit Analysis and Design-Donald A. Neaman, Mc Graw Hill, 2010.
- 2. Micro electronic Circuits-Sedra A.S.and K.C.Smith, Oxford University Press, SixthEdition, 2011.
- 3. Electronic Circuit Analysis-B.V.Rao, K.R.Rajeswari, P.C.R.Pantulu, K.B.R.Murthy, Pearson Publications.

## **Online Learning Resources:**

- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117/103/117103063/
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/108/108108122/

| COs | Statements   | BL  |
|-----|--|-----|
| CO1 | Design and analysis of small signal high frequency transistor amplifier using BJT    | BL4 |
| COI | and FET.   |     |
| CO2 | Design and analysis of multistage amplifiers using BJT and FET and Differential      | BL3 |
| CO2 | amplifier using BJT.   |     |
| CO3 | Derive the expressions for frequency of oscillation and condition for oscillation of | BL3 |
| COS | RC and LC oscillators and their amplitude and frequency stability concept.           |     |
| CO4 | Know the classification of the power amplifiers and their analysis with performance  | BL3 |
| CO4 | comparison.  |     |
| CO5 | Know the classification of the tuned amplifiers and their analysis with performance  | BL3 |
| COS | comparison.  |     |

|           | II Year-II Semester   |   |   |   |   |
|-----------|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|
| 23EC4T05  | ANALOG COMMUNICATIONS | L | T | P | C |
| 251107105 | AIMLOG COMMUNICATIONS | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

The main objectives of this course are to

- Learn and understand the concept of Modulation and Demodulation of standard AM.
- Learn about the generation and detection of Angle Modulated waves.
- Develop an ability to classify and understand various functional blocks of radio transmitters and receivers.
- Familiarise with basic techniques for generating and demodulating various pulse modulated signals.

## **UNIT-I: Amplitude Modulation**

Introduction to communication system, Need for modulation, Frequency Division Multiplexing, Amplitude Modulation, Time domain and Frequency domain descriptions, Singletone modulation, Power relations in AM waves, Generation of AM waves: Square law Modulator, Switching modulator, Detection of AM Waves: Square law detector, Envelope detector, Related problems.

#### **UNIT-II: DSB & SSB Modulation**

Double sideband suppressed carrier modulator: Time domain and frequency domain description, Generation of DSBSC Waves: Balanced Modulator, Ring Modulator, Detection of DSBSC Waves: Coherent detection, Quadrature Null Effect, COSTAS Loop, Squaring Loop.

Single side b and suppressed carrier modulator: Time domain and Frequency domain description, Generation of SSBSC Waves: Frequency discrimination method, Phase discrimination method, Demodulation of SSB Waves: Coherent Detection.

Vestigial sideband modulation: Time domain description, Frequency domain description, Generation of VSB Modulated wave, Envelope detection of a VSB Wave pulse Carrier, Comparison of different AM Techniques, Applications of different AM Systems, Related problems.

## **UNIT-III: Angle Modulation**

Introduction, Basic concept of phase modulation, Frequency Modulation: Single tone frequency modulation, Spectrum Analysis of Sinusoidal FM Wave, Narrowband FM, Wideband FM, Constant Average Power, Transmission bandwidth of FM Wave, Generation of FM Waves: Direct Method, Indirect Method, Detection of FM Waves: Balanced Frequency discriminator ,Zero crossing detector, Phase locked loop, Comparison of FM &AM, Related problems.

#### **UNIT-IV: Radio Transmitters**

Classification of Transmitters, AM Transmitter, Effect of feedback on performance of AM Transmitter, FM Transmitter: Variable reactance type and Phase modulated FM Transmitter, Frequency stability in FM Transmitter.

**Radio Receivers:** Receiver Types: Tuned radio frequency receiver, Super heterodyne receiver, RF section and Characteristics, Frequency changing and tracking, Intermediate frequency, AGC, FM Receiver, Amplitude limiting, Comparison of FM & AM Receivers, Communication Receivers, Extension of super heterodyne principle and additional circuits.

#### **UNIT-V: Noise**

Review of noise and noise sources, Noise figure, Noise in Analog communication Systems: Noise in DSB & SSB Systems, Noise in AM System and Noise in Angle Modulation Systems, Threshold effect in Angle Modulation System, Pre-emphasis & De-emphasis.

**Pulse Analog Modulation:** Types of Pulse modulation ,PAM (Single Polarity, double polarity), PWM: Generation & Detection of PWM, PPM: Generation and Detection of PPM, Time Division

## Multiplexing, TDM Vs FDM.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Communication Systems, Simon Haykin, Michael Moher, Wiley, 5thEdition, 2009.
- 2. Principles of Communication Systems, HTaub, DLSchilling, GautamSahe, TMH, 4thEdition, 2017.
- 3. Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems, B.P.Lathi, ZhiDing, HariMohanGupta, Oxford University Press, 4th Edition, 2017.

### **ReferenceBooks:**

- 1. Electronics & Communication Systems, George Kennedy, Bernard Davis, SRM Prasanna, TMH, 6thEdition, 2017.
- 2. Communication Systems, RPSingh, SDSapre, TMH, 3ndEdition, 2017.
- 3. CommunicationSystems(AnalogandDigital), Dr. SanjaySharma, KatsonBooks, 7th ReprintEdition, 2018

### **OnlineLearningResources:**

- http://nptel.ac.in/courses/117102059/Prof.SurendraPrasad.
- https://ict.iitk.ac.in/wp-content/uploads/EE320A-Principles-Of-Communication-CommunicationSystems-4ed-Haykin.pdf.
- https://www.scribd.com/document/266137872/sanjay-sharma-pdf.
- <a href="http://bayanbox.ir/view/914409083519889086/Book-Modern-Digital-And-Analog Communication-Systems-4th-edition-by-Lathi.pdf">http://bayanbox.ir/view/914409083519889086/Book-Modern-Digital-And-Analog Communication-Systems-4th-edition-by-Lathi.pdf</a>.
- https://soaneemrana.org/onewebmedia/ELECTRONICS%20COMMUNICATION%20SYSTEM%20BY %20GEORGE%20KENNEDY.pdf

| COs | Statements  | BL  |
|-----|---|-----|
| CO1 | DescribetheModulationandDemodulationtechniquesofstandardAM.                   | BL1 |
| CO2 | ComparedifferenttypesofAmplitudeModulationandDemodulationtechniques.          | BL2 |
| CO3 | AnalyzetheconceptsofgenerationanddetectionofAngleModulatedsignals.            | BL3 |
| CO4 | InterprettheRadioTransmitters and Receivers.                                  | BL2 |
| CO5 | IllustratethenoiseperformanceinAnalogModulationtechniquesandalsotheconceptsof | BL4 |
| 003 | PulseAnalogModulationandDemodulationtechniques                                | DL4 |

| IIYear-IISemester |                         |   |   |   |     |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---|---|---|-----|
| 23EC4L03          | SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS LAB | L | T | P | C   |
| 25504105          |                         | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1.5 |

- Introduce the basics of MATLAB
- Understand the time domain and frequency domain signals.
- Understand the concept of Fourier, Laplace and Z- Transforms.
- Understand the concept of Correlation and convolution.
- Understand the concept of Frequency Spectrum.

## **List of Experiments : (Minimum of Ten Experiments has to be performed)**

- 1. Generation of Basic Signals(Analog and Discrete)
  - a. Unit step b. Unit impulse c.Unit Ramp d.Sinusoidal e.Signum
- 2. Operations on signals
  - a. Addition & Subtraction b. Multiplication & Division c. Maximum & minimum
- 3. Energy and power of signals, even and odd signals
- 4. Transformation of the independent variable
- 5. Shifting(Delay & Advance)
- 6. Reversing
- 7. Scaling
- 8. Convolution & Deconvolution
- 9. Correlation
- 10. Fourier Series Representation
- 11. Fourier Transform and Analysis of Fourier Spectrum
- 12. Laplace Transforms
- 13. Z-Transforms

## **Equipment required: Software:**

- i. MATLAB Tools.
- ii. Computer Systems with required specifications

**Note:** Students supposed to do an Experiment beyond the Syllabus / Lab oriented mini-Project / Case Study and submit it for internal Evaluation.

| COs | Statements  | BL  |
|-----|---|-----|
| CO1 | Understand the basics operation of MATLAB   | BL2 |
| CO2 | Analysis the time domain and frequency domain signals   | BL4 |
| CO3 | Implement the concept of Fourier series ,Fourier transforms, Laplace transforms and Z- transforms | BL4 |
| CO4 | Find cross correlation, autocorrelation of sequence & impulse response, step response of a system | BL3 |
| CO5 | Design frequency response of the system   | BL4 |

| II Year-II Semester |                                 |   |       |   |     |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|---|-------|---|-----|
| 23EC4L04            | ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS LAB | L | L T 0 | P | C   |
|                     | ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT AWALISIS LAD | 0 |       | 3 | 1.5 |

- To prepare students to perform the analysis of any Analog electronics circuit.
- To empower students to understand the design and working of BJT / FET amplifiers, oscillators.
- To evaluate the use of computer based analysis tools to review performance of semiconductor device circuits.
- Model the electronic circuits using tools such as SPICE and Multisim.

**Note:** The students are required to design the circuit and perform the simulation using Multisim/ Equivalent Industrial Standard Licensed simulation software tool. Further they are required to verify the result using necessary hardware equipment.

## **List of Experiments : (Minimum of Ten Experiments has to be performed)**

- 1. Determination of Ft of a given transistor.
- 2. Voltage-Series Feedback Amplifier
- 3. Current-Shunt Feedback Amplifier
- 4. R C Phase Shift/Wien Bridge Oscillator
- 5. Hartley/Colpitt's Oscillator
- 6. Two Stage RC Coupled Amplifier
- 7. Darlington Pair Amplifier
- 8. Bootstrapped Emitter Follower
- 9. Class A Series-fed Power Amplifier
- 10. Transformer-coupled Class A Power Amplifier
- 11. Class B Push-Pull Power Amplifier
- 12. Complementary Symmetry Class B Push-Pull Power Amplifier
- 13. Single Tuned Voltage Amplifier
- 14. Double Tuned Voltage Amplifier

## **Equipment required: Software:**

- i. Multisim/EquivalentIndustrialStandardLicensedsimulationsoftwaretool.
- ii. Computer Systems with required specifications

## Hardware Required:

- 1. Regulated Power supplies
- 2. Analog/Digital Storage Oscilloscopes
- 3. Analog/Digital Function Generators
- 4. Digital Multimeters
- 5. Decade Résistance Boxes/Rheostats
- 6. Decade Capacitance Boxes
- 7. Ammeters(Analog or Digital)
- 8. Voltmeters(Analog or Digital)
- 9. Active & Passive Electronic Components

**Note:** Students supposed to do an Experiment beyond the Syllabus / Lab oriented mini-Project / Case Study and submit it for internal Evaluation.

| COs | Statements   | BL  |  |
|-----|--|-----|--|
| CO1 | Apply the concepts of amplifier analysis to verify their characteristics and measure | BL3 |  |
|     | the important parameters.  |     |  |
| CO2 | Analyze the performance of power amplifiers.   | BL4 |  |
| CO3 | Analyze the frequency response and characteristics of amplifiers.                    | BL4 |  |
| CO4 | Simulation and Design of different amplifiers and oscillator circuits.               | BL4 |  |

|          | II Year-II Semester |              |   |   |   |
|----------|---------------------|--------------|---|---|---|
| 23SE4L07 | SOFTSKILS           | $\mathbf{L}$ | T | P | C |
| 230E4E07 | SOF ISKILS          | 0 1          | 2 | 2 |   |

- Topreparetofaceglobalcompetitionforemploymentandexcellenceinprofession.
- Tohelpthestudentsunderstandandbuildinterpersonalandinterpersonalskillsthatwill enable them to lead meaningful professional life.

## **UNIT-1:INTRODUCTION**

Introduction- Emergence of life skills, Definition & Meaning, Importance& need, reasons for skill gap, Analysis--Soft Skills vs Hard skills, Linkage between industry and soft skills, Challenges, Personality Developments. Soft Skills, Soft Skills vs English-Improving Techniques.

## **UNIT-II: Intra-Personal:**

Definition-Meaning – Importance-SWOT analysis, Johari windows - Goal Setting-quotient skills - Emotional Intelligence- Attitudinal skills - Right thinking- Problem Solving-Time management, stress management.

## **UNIT-III: Inter-Personal:**

Definition—Meaning—Importance-Communicationsskills-TeamWork,managerialskills -Negotiation skills-Leadership skills ,corporate etiquettes.

## **UNIT-IV: Verbal Skills:**

DefinitionandMeaning-Listeningskills,need-types,advantages,Importance-ImprovingTipsforListening,Speaking,need-types,advantages,Importance-ImprovingTips,Reading- Writing Skills, Report, Resume, statement of purpose, need-types, advantages, Importance-Improving Tips.

## UNIT-V:NonVerbalSkills&Interviewskills

DefinitionandMeaning—Importance-FacialExpressions-EyeContact—Proxemics-Haptics -Posture, cross cultural body language, body language in interview room, appearance and dress code —Kinetics-Para Language -tone, pitch, pause, neutralization of accent, use of appropriate language, Interview skills, interview methods and questions.

### **Text Books:**

- 1) Sherfield, M.Robertatal, CornerstoneDevelopingSoftSkills,4/e,PearsonPublication,NewDelhi,2014.
- 2) AlkaWadkar, Life Skills for Success, 1/e, Sage Publications India Private Limited, 2016.

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Sambaiah. M. Technical English, Wiley publishersIndia.NewDelhi.2014.
- 2. Gangadhar Joshi, From Campus to Corporate, SAGETEXT.
- 3. Alex.K, SoftSkills, 3rded.S.ChandPublication, NewDelhi, 2014.
- 4. MeenakshiRamanandSangitaSharma, TechnicalCommunication: PrincipleandPractice, OxfordUniversity Press, 2009.

- 5. ShaliniVarma, BodyLanguageforYourSuccessMantra,4/e,S.ChandPublication,NewDelhi,2014.
- 6. StephenCovey, SevenHabitsofHighlyEffectivePeople, JMDBook, 2013.

## **OnlineLearningResources:**

- https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20\_hs60/preview
- http://www.youtube.com/@softskillsdevelopment6210
- <a href="https://youtube.com/playlist?list=PLLy\_2iUCG87CQhELCytvXh0E\_y-bOO1\_q&si=Fs05Xh8ZrOPsR8F4">https://youtube.com/playlist?list=PLLy\_2iUCG87CQhELCytvXh0E\_y-bOO1\_q&si=Fs05Xh8ZrOPsR8F4</a>
- <a href="https://www.coursera.org/learn/people-soft-skills-assessment?language=English">https://www.coursera.org/learn/people-soft-skills-assessment?language=English</a>
- <a href="https://www.edx.org/learn/soft-skills">https://www.edx.org/learn/soft-skills</a>

| COs | Statements   | BloomsLev<br>el |
|-----|--|-----------------|
| CO1 | Assimilate and understood the meaning and importance of soft skills and learn how to develop them. | L1              |
| CO2 | Understand the significance of soft skills in the working environment for professional excellence. | L2              |
| CO3 | Prepare to undergo the placement process with confidence and clarity.                              | L3              |
| CO4 | Ready to face any situation in life and equip them selves to handle them effectively.              | L6              |
| CO5 | Understand and learn the importance of etiquette in both professional and personal life            | L2              |

|          | II Year-II Semester          |   |     |   |   |
|----------|------------------------------|---|-----|---|---|
| 23ES4L01 | DESIGN THINKING & INNOVATION | L | T   | P | C |
| 23E37E01 | DESIGN HIMMING & INVOVATION  | 1 | 1 0 | 2 | 2 |

The objectives of the course are to

- Bring awareness on innovative design and new product development.
- Explain the basics of design thinking.
- Familiarize the role of reverse engineering in product development.
- Train how to identify the needs of society and convert in to demand.
- Introduce product planning and product development process.

## **UNIT-I: Introduction to Design Thinking**

Introduction to elements and principles of Design, basics of design-dot, line, shape, form as fundamental design components. Principles of design. Introduction to design thinking, history of Design Thinking, New materials in Industry.

## **UNIT-II: Design Thinking Process**

Design thinking process (empathize, analyze, idea & prototype), implementing the process in driving inventions, design thinking in social innovations. Tools of design thinking - person, costumer, journey map, brain storming, product development.

**Activity:** Every student presents their idea in three minutes, Every student can present design process in the form of flow diagram or flow chart etc. Every student should explain about product development.

## **UNIT-III: Innovation**

Art of innovation, Difference between innovation and creativity, role of creativity and innovation in organizations. Creativity to Innovation. Teams for innovation, measuring the impact and value of creativity.

**Activity:** Debate on innovation and creativity, Flow and planning from idea to innovation, Debate on value-based innovation.

## **UNIT-IV: Product Design**

Problem formation, introduction to product design, Product strategies, Product value, Product planning, product specifications.Innovation towards product design Cases tudies.

**Activity:** Importance of modeling, how to set specifications, Explaining their own product design.

## **UNIT-V: Design Thinking in Business Processes**

Design Thinking applied in Business & Strategic Innovation, Design Thinking principles that redefine business—Business challenges: Growth, Predictability, Change, Maintaining Relevance, Extreme competition, Standardization. Design thinking to meet corporate

needs. Design thinking for Startups. Defining and testing Business Models and Business Cases.

Developing&testingprototypes.

**Activity:** How to market our own product, about maintenance, Reliability and plan for startup.

## **Textbooks:**

- 1. Tim Brown, Changebydesign, 1/e, HarperBollins, 2009.
- 2. Idris Mootee, Design Thinking for Strategic Innovation, 1/e, AdamsMedia,2014.

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. David Lee, Design Thinking in the Classroom, Ulyssespress, 2018.
- 2. Shrrutin N Shetty, DesigntheFuture, 1/e, NortonPress, 2018.
- 3. Williamlidwell,

Kritinaholden, & Jillbutter, Universalprinciples of design, 2/e, Rockport Publishers, 2010.

4. Chesbrough.H, The era of open innovation, 2003.

## **Online Learning Resources:**

- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/110/106/110106124/
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/109/104/109104109/
- https://swayam.gov.in/nd1\_noc19\_mg60/preview
- https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22\_de16/preview

| COs | Statements  | $\mathbf{BL}$ |
|-----|---|---------------|
|     | Define the concepts related to design thinking.                               | BL1           |
| CO2 | Explain the fundamentals of Design Thinking and innovation.                   | BL2           |
| CO3 | Apply the design thinking techniques for solving problems in Various sectors. | BL3           |
|     | Analyse to work in a multi disciplinary environment.                          | BL4           |
| CO5 | Evaluate the value of creativity.   | BL5           |